

SOLICITATION, OFFER AND AWARD				1. THIS CONTRACT IS A RATED ORDER UNDER DPAS (15 CFR 700)		RATING		PAGE 1 OF 68 PAGES				
2. CONTRACT NO.			3. SOLICITATION NO. N65540-02-R-0005		4. TYPE OF SOLICITATION [] SEALED BID (IFB) [X] NEGOTIATED (RFP)		5. DATE ISSUED 26 Nov 2001		6. REQUISITION/PURCHASE NO. 17172989			
7. ISSUED BY NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTER, CARDEROCK CODE 3353, ROBERT COLOT 5001 SOUTH BROAD ST PHILADELPHIA PA 19112-1403				CODE N65540 TEL: 215-897-7060 FAX: 215-897-7054		8. ADDRESS OFFER TO (If other than Item 7) See Item 7				CODE TEL: FAX:		
NOTE: In sealed bid solicitations "offer" and "offeror" mean "bid" and "bidder".												
SOLICITATION												
9. Sealed offers in original and _____ copies for furnishing the supplies or services in the Schedule will be received at the place specified in Item 8, or if handcarried, in the depository located in _____ NSWCCD Philadelphia Bldg 4 _____ until <u>16 00</u> local time <u>08 Jan 2002</u> (Hour) (Date)												
CAUTION - LATE Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawals: See Section L, Provision No. 52.214-7 or 52.215-1. All offers are subject to all terms and conditions contained in this solicitation.												
10. FOR INFORMATION CALL:			A. NAME ROBERT R. COLOT			B. TELEPHONE (Include area code)(NO COLLECT CALLS) 215-897-7060			C. E-MAIL ADDRESS ColotRR@nswccd.navy.mil			
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OFFER (Must be fully completed by offeror)												
NOTE: Item 12 does not apply if the solicitation includes the provisions at 52.214-16, Minimum Bid Acceptance Period.												
12. In compliance with the above, the undersigned agrees, if this offer is accepted within _____ calendar days (60 calendar days unless a different period is inserted by the offeror) from the date for receipt of offers specified above, to furnish any or all items upon which prices are offered at the price set opposite each item, delivered at the designated point(s), within the time specified in the schedule.												
13. DISCOUNT FOR PROMPT PAYMENT (See Section I, Clause No. 52.232-8)												
14. ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF AMENDMENTS (The offeror acknowledges receipt of amendments to the SOLICITATION for offerors and related documents numbered and dated):					AMENDMENT NO.		DATE		AMENDMENT NO.		DATE	
15A. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OFFEROR		CODE		FACILITY		16. NAME AND TITLE OF PERSON AUTHORIZED TO SIGN OFFER (Type or print)						
15B. TELEPHONE NO (Include area code)			15C. CHECK IF REMITTANCE ADDRESS IS DIFFERENT FROM ABOVE - ENTER SUCH ADDRESS IN SCHEDULE. <input type="checkbox"/>			17. SIGNATURE			18. OFFER DATE			
AWARD (To be completed by Government)												
19. ACCEPTED AS TO ITEMS NUMBERED				20. AMOUNT		21. ACCOUNTING AND APPROPRIATION						
22. AUTHORITY FOR USING OTHER THAN FULL AND OPEN COMPETITION: <input type="checkbox"/> 10 U.S.C. 2304(c)() <input type="checkbox"/> 41 U.S.C. 253(c)()						23. SUBMIT INVOICES TO ADDRESS SHOWN IN (4 copies unless otherwise specified)				ITEM		
24. ADMINISTERED BY (If other than Item 7)				CODE		25. PAYMENT WILL BE MADE BY				CODE		
26. NAME OF CONTRACTING OFFICER (Type or print)						27. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (Signature of Contracting Officer)				28. AWARD DATE		
IMPORTANT - Award will be made on this Form, or on Standard Form 26, or by other authorized official written notice.												

SECTION B Supplies or Services and Prices

ITEM NO	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
0001	Engineering and Technical Services for the Implementation, Execution and Prototype Development of Condition Assessment and Other Advanced Technologies for Naval Ship Systems on Surface Ships and Submarine Hulls		1 Lot		
ESTIMATED COST					
FIXED FEE					
TOTAL ESTIMATED COST + FIXED FEE					
ITEM NO	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
0002	Technical Data in accordance with Section C and DD Form 1423 (Exhibit A)		1 Lot		NSP
ITEM NO	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
0003	Support Costs for CLIN 0001		1 Lot		NTE \$3,250,000.00
ITEM NO	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
0003AA	Travel Costs for CLIN 0001 (Estimated at \$2,500,000.00)		1 Lot		XXX
ITEM NO	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
0003AB	Material Costs for CLIN 0001 (Estimated at \$750,000.00)		1 Lot		XXX

CONTRACT TYPE

This is an Indefinite Delivery/Indefinite Quantity, Cost Plus Fixed Fee contract which provides for the issuance of delivery orders during the period from the date of award of the contract through fifty seven months thereafter. The period of performance shall be from date of award through sixty months thereafter.

The contract minimum quantity is a total of \$100,000.00 worth of orders. The maximum quantity is the total amount of all items.

The maximum quantity is not to be exceeded without prior approval of the Procuring Contracting Officer.

The minimum quantity amount will be met by the issuance of Delivery Order 0001.

LEVEL OF EFFORT

(a) The level of Effort for the performance of this contract during the period from the start of contract performance to 60 months thereafter is based upon an anticipated Total Estimated Level of Effort of 781,500 manhours of direct labor.

The estimated composition of the total estimate of 781,500 manhours of direct labor to be ordered is as follows:

LEVEL OF EFFORT

<u>LABOR CATEGORY</u>	<u>YEAR 1</u>	<u>YEAR 2</u>	<u>YEAR 3</u>	<u>YEAR 4</u>	<u>YEAR 5</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Program Manager*	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	10,000
Sr. Project Engineer*	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	15,000
Sr. Electrical Engineer*	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	30,000
Sr. Mechanical Engineer*	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	30,000
Systems Analyst*	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000	30,000
Electrical Engineer	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	60,000
Mechanical Engineer	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	60,000
Computer Scientist*	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	25,000
Sr. Logistician	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	40,000
Logistician	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	50,000
Conf. Manag. Specialist	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	40,000
Sr. Engineering Tech.*	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	125,000
Engineering Technician	23,000	23,000	23,000	23,000	23,000	115,000
Draftsman	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	40,000
Word Processor	12,300	12,300	12,300	12,300	12,300	61,500
Secretary	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	50,000
Total	156,300	156,300	156,300	156,300	156,300	781,500

*Denotes key personnel

(b) The total number of man-hours of direct labor (including overtime and subcontracting hours, but excluding holiday, sick leave, vacation and other absence hours) anticipated to be expended hereunder is estimated to be as specified above, which quantity, as set forth herein or as expressly changed by formal modification thereto, is hereinafter referred to as "Estimated Total Hours".

(c) The contractor shall not be obligated to continue performance beyond the Estimated Total Hours, nor shall the Government be obligated to pay fee on any hours expended in excess of the Estimated Total Hours, provided, however, the Contracting Officer may at his election, require the contractor to continue to perform work in excess of the Estimated Total Hours until the estimated cost has been expended. Any hours expended in excess of the Estimated Total Hours (hereinafter "excess hours") shall be excluded from all fee computations and adjustments.

(d) It is understood and agreed the rate of man-hour use may fluctuate throughout the term of the contract provided such fluctuation does not result in the utilization of the total man-hours of effort prior to expiration of the term thereof, and it is further understood and agreed that the number of hours of effort for any classification may be utilized by the contractor in any other direct labor classification, if necessary in the performance of the work. If at any time during the performance of this contract, the number of direct hours (not including "excess hours") utilized under this contract exceeds 85% of the total estimated hours, the contractor shall immediately notify the contracting officer of such circumstances.

(e) Nothing herein shall be construed to alter or waive any of the rights or obligations of either party pursuant to the clause hereof entitled "Limitation of Cost" and/or "Limitation of Funds".

(f) It is understood and agreed that the number of hours and the total dollar amount for each labor category specified in any delivery order issued under this contract are estimates only and shall not limit the use of hours or dollar amounts in any labor category which may be required and provided for under an individual delivery order. Accordingly, in the performance of any

delivery order, the contractor shall be allowed to adjust the quantity of labor hours provided for within labor categories specified in the order provided that in so performing the contractor shall not in any event exceed the ceiling price restrictions of any order, including modifications thereof.

PAYMENT OF FIXED FEE - Indefinite Delivery. Cost Plus Fixed Fee

The fixed fee for work performed under this contract is \$_____ provided that approximately 781,500 manhours of direct labor are employed on such work by the contractor. The fixed fee per hour is \$_____. If substantially less than 781,500 man-hours of said services are so employed for such work, the fee shall be equitably reduced to the account of the fixed fee at the rate of \$_____ per direct labor hour invoiced by the contractor under the clause entitled "Allowable Cost, Fixed Fee and Payment", provided the total of all such payment shall not exceed eighty-five percent (85%) of the fixed fee specified under each applicable delivery order. Any balance due of fixed fee shall be paid by the contractor, or any overpayment of fixed fee shall be repaid by the contractor or otherwise credited to the Government, at the time of final payment.

SUPPORT COSTS

Support and subcontract costs will be reimbursed on the basis of actual reasonable and allowable costs incurred plus G&A only (no fee).

NOTE: THE GOVERNMENT SHALL ELECT TO AWARD A SINGLE CONTRACT OR TO AWARD MULTIPLE CONTRACTS FOR THE SAME OR SIMILAR SERVICES TO TWO OR MORE SOURCES.

NOTE: IN ACCORDANCE WITH PARAGRAPH (B) OF CLAUSE 52.216-22 ENTITLED "INDEFINITE QUANTITY", THE MINIMUM AMOUNT GUARANTEED TO THE SINGLE AWARDEE IS \$100,000.00. IN THE EVENT OF MULTIPLE AWARDS, THE MINIMUM AMOUNT GUARANTEED WILL BE DISTRIBUTED AMONG THE CONTRACTS AWARDED. THE MAXIMUM QUANTITY IS THE TOTAL AMOUNT FOR ALL CLINS ON EACH CONTRACT AWARDED.

ORDERING PROCEDURES

A. The following procedures apply to ordering individual delivery orders under the contract resulting from this solicitation:

1. The Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division, Philadelphia (NSWCCD-SSES) is the issuing activity authorized to issue subsequent delivery orders. Orders shall be placed in writing only.

All orders shall contain the date of order, contract number and delivery order number, description of the scope of work to be accomplished, material, specialized services and travel costs and estimated level of effort (labor hours), estimated cost plus fixed fee, performance date, place of performance, accounting/appropriation data and any other pertinent information.

2. No protest under Subpart 33.1 is authorized in connection with the issuance or proposed issuance of an order under the contract resulting from this solicitation except for a protest on the grounds that the order increases the scope, period or maximum value of the contract.

3. Except as provided for in paragraph 4 below, for orders issued under multiple delivery order contracts, each awardee shall be provided a fair opportunity to be considered for each order in excess of \$2,500.00 pursuant to FAR 16.505(b). The Contracting Officer shall, in making decisions in the award of any individual delivery orders, consider factors such as past performance, or earlier tasks under the multiple award contract, potential impact of other orders placed with the contractor, quality of deliverables, cost control, price, cost or other factors that are relevant to the award of a delivery order to an awardee under the contract.

4. The procedures for selecting awards for the placement of individual delivery orders need not comply with the competition requirements specified under FAR, Part 6, however; fair opportunity shall be given to all awardees prior to placing each order. Formal evaluation plans or scoring of quotes or offers shall not be required. Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division, Philadelphia may choose to use streamline procedures when selecting a delivery order awardee.

5. The contract resulting from this solicitation shall be an Indefinite Quantity, Indefinite Delivery, Cost-Plus-Fixed-Fee type contract, therefore the Contracting Officer shall solicit offers from at least two companies in order to satisfy adequate price competition, however the Contracting Officer need not contact each of the multiple awardees under the contract before selecting a delivery order awardee if the Contracting Officer has information to ensure that each awardee is provided a fair opportunity to be considered for each order.

6. Awardees need not be given an opportunity to be considered for a particular order in excess of \$2,500.00 if the Contracting Officer determines that

a. The agency need for the supplies or services is so urgent that providing a fair opportunity would result in unacceptable delays.

b. Only one awardee is capable of providing the supplies or services required at the level of quality required because the supplies or services ordered are unique or highly specialized.

c. The order must be issued on a sole-source basis in the interest of economy and efficiency as a logical follow-on to an order already issued under the contract, provided that all awardees were given a fair opportunity to be considered for the original order.

d. It is necessary to place an order to satisfy a minimum guarantee.

7. The Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division, Supply Officer shall be responsible for reviewing complaints from contractors and ensure that all contractors are afforded a fair opportunity to be considered, consistent with the procedures in the contract.

SECTION C Descriptions and Specifications

STATEMENT OF WORK**1.0 NATURE OF SERVICES TO BE PERFORMED**

The contractor shall provide engineering, technical, and logistic support services, including the engineering and technical personnel and facilities required to develop and integrate technological improvements focused on the logistic support of the maintenance processes for the US Navy. This will include the implementation and execution of condition assessment, monitoring, and systems integration programs being developed and conducted by the Systems Integration and Program Development Group. The contractor shall be required to provide support in advanced technology development and future ship maintenance concepts and strategies to the Program Office and to the Program Field Offices in Norfolk, VA; Mayport, FL; Kings Bay, GA; Pascagoula, MS; Ingleside, TX; Bath, ME; Bangor, ME; Everett, WA; San Diego, CA; Bremerton, WA; and Pearl Harbor, HI.

2.0 BACKGROUND

With shrinking Naval force levels and mandated reductions in maintenance funds in the face of unremitting operational commitments, the Systems Integration and Program Development Group requires support in the development, implementation, execution, and maintenance of a comprehensive, integrated condition based assessment/continuous monitoring programs for both surface ship and submarine equipment and systems. These efforts are aimed at achieving significant and real reductions in maintenance expenditures and increased equipment availability, while maintaining the operational survivability of Naval ships and submarines. Program goals are to provide total productive maintenance in a realistic waterfront effort that considers all aspects of system/equipment operation, maintenance, and logistics support.

To execute its responsibilities, the Program Office requires the support of maintenance engineering specialists to assist in the development, implementation, and execution of the Navy's condition assessment, monitoring, and systems integration programs. This support requires responsive and high quality engineering and technical services that only a specialized contractor can provide.

Naval Surface Warfare Center Carderock Division (NSWCCD) Philadelphia, Code 916, shall have overall control and responsibility of the projects for which written work assignment, hereinafter called "Delivery Orders", shall be issued. Renzo Munno, Code 9163, has been designated as the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR). The contractor's control and responsibility shall be limited to the satisfactory execution of the segments of work specified in each Delivery Order.

3.0 SCOPE OF WORK

The contractor shall provide program engineering, marine engineering, technical and logistics support for the implementation, execution, and prototype development of condition assessment and other advanced technologies for naval ship systems on surface ship and submarine hulls for the Systems Integration and Program Development office. This Statement of Work (SOW) describes services to be applied via individual delivery orders to specific requirements. Work performed under this contract will include, but not be limited to:

- Maintenance Strategies, Planning and Program Management Support
- Maintenance Engineering
- Systems Engineering
- Logistics Engineering
- Test & Evaluation Engineering

3.1 Maintenance strategies, Planning and Program Management support.

The contractor shall provide engineering and technical support to perform the following maintenance strategy and availability planning and execution functions:

- (a) Prepare drafts of top level documentation on maintenance strategies, including OPNAV, NAVSEA, FLEET, and TYCOM instructions and similar policy documentation, which implement condition based maintenance (CBM) methodology within the framework of the surface ship and submarine maintenance strategies.
- (b) Evaluate data received from all sources to determine ship (system) readiness and identify degradation trends. Recommend appropriate steps to redesign the systems/component responsible for the degradation or make changes to the current maintenance plan or logistic support requirements.
- (c) Develop methodologies for automatic input of prioritized, engineered repair recommendations into the ship's current ship's maintenance project and appropriate fleet maintenance decision methodology for tracking repair recommendations from inception to completion.
- (d) Review class maintenance and modernization plans, technical repair standards, maintenance requirements and specifications for corrections and preparation of proposed revisions.
- (e) Integrate data from established maintenance reports, data/log sheets, repair activity testing and appropriate aspects of reliability and maintainability techniques into formal monitoring programs and by utilizing this information, conduct studies directed at significantly reducing the size of Selected Restricted Availabilities (SRA), Depot Modernization Periods (DMP), and Refueling/regular overhaul work packages.
- (f) Develop criteria to determine effective ship/systems/equipment material and operational condition based on data obtained from established maintenance databases and/or specified test and evaluation programs.
- (g) Draft integrated class test plans for designated ship classes which delineate all periodic testing, inspections, and other system condition assessment methodologies to serve as an adjunct to the class maintenance and modernization plans.
- (h) Assist in establishing goals, milestones, program plans and policy including business plans, long and short range Plan of Action and Milestones (POA&M) and implementation and execution strategies in support of program objectives.
- (i) Assist in scheduling and attending periodic program reviews conducted by program activities and contractors and conduct periodic program reviews for the program sponsors.
- (j) Provide technical and administrative support to waterfront maintenance activities and other organizational entities involved in equipment monitoring and analysis functions, including on the job training.
- (k) Provide engineer and maintenance manager technical support services in support of the installation and validation of condition assessment systems and methodologies.

3.2 Maintenance Engineering

The contractor shall perform independent analysis and technical studies and provide engineering and technical services in the area of mission related maintenance engineering. Areas of particular involvement may include:

- (a) Investigating historical mechanical and electrical failures of various submarine and surface ship equipment.
- (b) Reviewing and evaluating existing Navy maintenance procedures.
- (c) Reviewing and updating current analysis guides and maintenance assessment procedures and preparing new documents for in-service updates and new equipment.
- (d) Developing technical planning data, life-cycle cost analysis and return on investment (ROI) studies.
- (e) Reviewing and updating existing maintenance management and planning documents and providing technical support for their implementation.
- (f) Providing technical support in response to fleet and naval activity requirements.

3.3 Systems Engineering

The contractor will assist the government with the design, installation, and validation of condition assessment and monitoring systems by supporting new concept development which will include engineering algorithms, logic trees (as they pertain to systems diagnostics and prognostics), Failure Modes and Effect Analysis (FMEA), expert systems, and the verification and validation of software developed to support these new concepts.

The contractor shall perform independent analysis and technical studies and provide technical services in the area of systems engineering support. Areas of particular involvement may include:

- (a) Analyzing operational and maintenance requirements.
- (b) Designing a knowledge base to support diagnostic analysis engines.
- (c) Performing Failure Modes and Effects Analysis.
- (d) Developing, validating and standardization of system/ship configuration data sets.
- (e) Developing installation plans for improvements.
- (f) Developing signal databases for condition assessment and monitoring systems.
- (g) Performing independent engineering analysis to assess the threat and vulnerability effects on systems/components.
- (h) Recommending and performing/supporting redesign, modification, or alteration of hardware and software for system integration and improvements.
- (i) Conducting systems engineering studies for ship/systems integration.
- (j) Developing new standard job procedures, maintenance procedures, and calibration techniques.
- (k) Evaluating ship systems and equipment capabilities to meet Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA), Clean Water Act, Safe Drinking Water Act, and other related environmental regulations.
- (l) Developing maintenance strategies for new technologies aimed at reducing sources of hazardous waste streams and at treating hazardous waste.

- (m) Formulating and developing test plans and procedures for condition assessment and monitoring systems.

3.4 Logistics Engineering

The contractor shall provide logistics engineering support to design on-line monitoring prototypes that are ship class unique, which upon validation, evaluation, and program office approval, will be modeled as an alteration for installation in the remainder of the class. This support includes, but is not limited to:

- (a) Development of Acquisition Plans, Integrated Logistics Support Plans (ILSPs) Naval Training Systems Plans (NTSPs), Computer Resources Life Cycle Management Plans (CRLCMP), Integrated Test Plans and Return on Investment (ROI) studies for the pilot/lead ship of a class.
- (b) Researching and reporting on commercially available predictive/condition based diagnostics and applications that can be integrated with existing systems that will aid ship's force and have a positive payback in maintenance resources.
- (c) Making ship visits to design layout plans for installation.
- (d) Procuring miscellaneous parts and equipment to support the prototype installation, receipt and stowage of these parts with Government Furnished Equipment (GFE) as required.
- (e) Developing complete Integrated Logistics Support (ILS) packages. This includes development of documentation in interactive electronic media such as Interactive Electronic Technical Manuals (IETMs) and computer based training modules that pertain to the condition assessment system and its associated equipment.
- (f) Developing specific configuration management requirements for hardware and software development and production contracts.
- (g) Establishing life cycle status records for change documentation and contract delivery schedules to update inventory data, project the impact of future deliveries on installation scheduling, and forecast installation, manpower, and funding requirements.
- (h) Planning, coordinating, and participating in the physical and functional configuration audits.
- (i) Assessing submissions of logistics data items.
- (j) Preparing technical input for Configuration Control Board (CCB) directives.
- (k) Developing, reviewing, and updating Provisioning Technical Documentation (PTD).

3.5 Test and Evaluation Engineering

The contractor shall provide installation support for installing and functionally testing on-line monitoring pilot/lead ship prototypes and validation support by developing a Test and Evaluation Master Plan (TEMP) for the installed prototype. This includes, but is not limited to:

- (a) Developing an in-depth installation plan subject to approval by the Program Office.
- (b) Formulating testing methodology and developing test procedures for condition assessment, monitoring, and systems integration programs.

4.0 Technical and Financial Reports:

- (a) Progress and Financial Reports: A monthly progress and financial report will be submitted to Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COR) with a copy to the Contracting Officer. In addition, a separate report of the number of man-hours charged to the contract will be submitted monthly to the Contracting Officer.
- (b) Technical Reports: Technical reports and conclusions reflecting the work accomplished under each task set fourth will be prepared and delivered to the Government when and in the form required by the Contracting Officer's Representative, in accordance with Contract Data Requirements List (CDRL).
- (c) Final Delivery: The delivery date of the last of the above reports is not to be later than the delivery date specified in the CDRLs.
- (d) Other Reports: There may be a need for other specific reports, test plans, evaluation reports or documentation created as an integral part of a delivery order under this contract. Report format, contents and delivery requirements will be specified at the time of delivery order issuance.
- (e) Delivery Order Status Report: For each delivery order awarded, the contractor will provide a status report which will cite the status and utilization since the last report, the status regarding hours and dollars remaining on the task, percent of completion of the task and any problems anticipated.
- (f) Travel Reports: For any remote travel required, the contractor will report the destination, number of travelers, duration of stay, task milestones completed, site points of contact, ship, and hull number visited.

5.0 Facilities

5.1 The contractor is required to have a liaison office within commuting distance from Philadelphia, Pa for liaison with appropriate officials and performance of work.

5.2 The requirement for maintaining these facilities shall not be construed to mean the government will be obligated to pay any direct costs in connection therewith and further, the contractor shall not be entitled to any direct payment in connection with any personnel set in readiness at or brought to such facility in preparation or in exception of work to be performed under the contract.

6.0 Minimum Qualifications

The minimum qualifications for the respective labor categories are as follows.

- (a) Program Manager *: The Program Manager shall have a bachelor's degree in engineering from an accredited college or university and a minimum of twenty years experience in the operation, maintenance, design, or testing of US Navy ships Hull, Mechanical, and Electrical (HM&E) equipment of which ten years must have been at the program management level. Experience with Navy maintenance strategies and Navy maintenance systems. Detailed knowledge of US Navy organizations, their functions, and their responsibilities.
- (b) Senior Project Engineer *: The Senior Project Engineer shall have a bachelor's degree in engineering from an accredited college or university and have a minimum of fifteen years experience in the operation, maintenance, and in-service testing of Naval shipboard HM&E equipment directly related to the Statement of Work (SOW). The last five years of this experience must be directly related to the SOW. Demonstrated experience managing projects similar in scope, magnitude, and complexity, as those listed in the SOW is mandatory. The educational requirements may be satisfied with an

additional ten years of experience directly related to shipboard maintenance assessment of condition monitoring programs. This experience should include detailed knowledge of integrated condition assessment systems for shipboard equipment condition monitoring, including implementation and operation of computerized on-line diagnostic modules used with these systems.

- (c) Senior Electrical Engineer *: The Senior Electrical Engineer shall have a bachelor's degree in electrical engineering from an accredited college or university and a minimum of ten years experience in the design, operation, maintenance or testing of HM&E equipment. Experience in the development of technical documentation utilizing military specifications and standards. Knowledge of US Navy organizations, their functions and their responsibility. Minimum of three years supervisory experience.
- (d) Senior Mechanical Engineer *: The Senior Mechanical Engineer shall have a bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering from an accredited college or university and a minimum of ten years experience in the design, operation, maintenance, or testing of HM&E. Experience in the development of technical documentation utilizing military specifications and standards. Knowledge of US Navy organizations, their functions, and their responsibility. Minimum of three years supervisory experience.
- (e) Senior Engineering Technician *: The Senior Engineering Technician must be a high school graduate and be a graduate of military schools which have provided an in-depth knowledge of naval shipboard systems maintenance and operation or be a graduate of a trade, industrial or correspondence school for engineering and have fifteen years of experience involving naval ships HM&E equipment. The most recent five years experience must be with machinery condition assessment and equipment condition monitoring programs utilizing computerized on-line diagnostic systems.
- (f) Engineering Technician: The Engineering Technician should be a graduate of high school, trade, industrial or correspondence school for engineering and have six years of practical experience involving US Navy ships HM&E equipment.
- (g) Electrical Engineer: The Electrical Engineer shall have a bachelor's degree in electrical engineering from an accredited college or university and a minimum of six years experience in the design, operation, maintenance, or testing of US Naval ship's HM&E equipment. Experience in mathematical modeling of, or trending performance of shipboard equipment or systems. Experience in the development of technical documentation utilizing military standards and specifications.
- (h) Mechanical Engineer: The Mechanical Engineer shall have a bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering from an accredited college or university and a minimum of six years experience in the design, operation, maintenance or testing of US Navy ships HM&E equipment. Experience in mathematical modeling of, or trending performance of shipboard equipment or systems. Experience in the development of technical documentation utilizing military standards and specifications.
- (i) Computer Scientist *: The Computer Scientist shall have a bachelor's degree in computer science or software engineering from an accredited college or university and ten years experience in tasks directly related to the SOW. This experience must include five years of machinery condition assessment and equipment condition monitoring, utilizing computerized, on-line diagnostic systems directly related to the SOW.
- (j) Systems Analyst *: The System Analyst shall have a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university and a minimum of six years experience in tasks directly related to the SOW. This experience must include three years of machinery condition assessment and equipment condition monitoring, utilizing diagnostic systems related to the SOW. The educational requirements may be satisfied with an additional eight years of experience directly related to shipboard maintenance assessment and condition monitoring problems.
- (k) Senior Logistician: The Senior Logistician should have a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university or be a graduate of military schools which have provided an in-depth knowledge of naval

- shipboard systems maintenance and operation. Must demonstrate five years experience in the development of Integrated Logistics Support of systems and equipment directly related to the SOW.
- (l) Logistician: The Logistician should have a high school diploma and be a graduate of military schools which have provided and in-depth knowledge of naval shipboard systems maintenance and operation. Must demonstrate five years experience in the development of Integrated Logistics Support of systems and equipment directly related to the SOW.
 - (m) Configuration Management Specialist: The Configuration Management Specialist should have a high school diploma and be a graduate of military schools which have provided an in-depth knowledge of naval shipboard systems maintenance and operation. Must have five years experience with the use and development of Configuration Management Plans of systems and equipment directly related to the Statement of Work (SOW).
 - (n) Draftsman: The Draftsman must have five years practical experience in graphic arts and a demonstrated knowledge of graphic production equipment.
 - (o) Word Processor: The Word Processor shall be a high school graduate or equivalent, must have three years experience in word processing, data entry, formatting, and operation of word processing equipment, must have two years experience in use of spreadsheet software and basic database setup, and must have formalized word processing software utilization.
 - (p) Secretary: The Secretary shall be a high school graduate or equivalent with five years experience and must be able to perform office work in support of the Program.

* - Denotes KEY personnel.

SECTION D Packaging and Marking

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SECTION E Inspection and Acceptance

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

52.246-5	Inspection Of Services Cost-Reimbursement	APR 1984
252.246-7000	Material Inspection And Receiving Report	DEC 1991

SECTION F Deliveries or Performance

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

52.242-15 Alt I Stop-Work Order (Aug 1989) - Alternate I
52.247-34 F.O.B. Destination

APR 1984
NOV 1991

SECTION G Contract Administration Data

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

252.242-7000 Postaward Conference

DEC 1991

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (JUN 1996) (NSWCCD)

A status report shall be submitted on a monthly basis to the Procuring Contracting Officer, Contracting Officer's Representative, Ordering Officer (if applicable) and Administrative Contracting Officer. The report shall provide the number of hours expended, the total cost incurred to date, data status and delivery status.

5252.232-9001 SUBMISSION OF INVOICES (COST-REIMBURSEMENT, TIME-AND-MATERIALS, LABOR-HOUR, OR FIXED PRICE INCENTIVE) (JUL 1992)

(a) "Invoice" as used in this clause includes contractor requests for interim payments using public vouchers (SF 1034) but does not include contractor requests for progress payments under fixed price incentive contracts.

(b) The Contractor shall submit invoices and any necessary supporting documentation, in an original and copies, to the contract auditor* at the following address:

TBD

unless delivery orders are applicable, in which case invoices will be segregated by individual order and submitted to the address specified in the order. In addition, an information copy shall be submitted to Naval Surface Warfare Center Carderock Division, Code 9163 (Renzo Munno) 5001 S. Broad Street, Philadelphia, PA 19112-1403.

Following verification, the contract auditor* will forward the invoice to the designated payment office for payment in the amount determined to be owing, in accordance with the applicable payment (and fee) clause(s) of this contract.

(c) Invoices requesting interim payments shall be submitted no more than once every two weeks, unless another time period is specified in the Payments clause of this contract. For indefinite delivery type contracts, interim payment invoices shall be submitted no more than once every two weeks for each delivery order. There shall be a lapse of no more than 30 calendar days between performance and submission of an interim payment invoice..

(d) In addition to the information identified in the Prompt Payment clause herein, each invoice shall contain the following information, as applicable:

- (1) Contract line item number (CLIN)
 - (2) Subline item number (SLIN)
 - (3) Accounting Classification Reference Number (ACRN)
 - (4) Payment terms
 - (5) Procuring activity
 - (6) Date supplies provided or services performed
 - (7) Costs incurred and allowable under the contract
 - (8) Vessel (e.g., ship, submarine or other craft) or system for which supply/service is provided
- (e) A DD Form 250, "Material Inspection and Receiving Report",
X is required with each invoice submittal.

_____ is required only with the final invoice.

_____ is not required.

(f) A Certificate of Performance

 X shall be provided with each invoice submittal.

_____ is not required.

(g) The Contractor's final invoice shall be identified as such, and shall list all other invoices (if any) previously tendered under this contract.

(h) Costs of performance shall be segregated, accumulated and invoiced to the appropriate ACRN categories to the extent possible. When such segregation of costs by ACRN is not possible for invoices submitted with CLINS/SLINS with more than one ACRN, an allocation ratio shall be established in the same ratio as the obligations cited in the accounting data so that costs are allocated on a proportional basis.

(End of clause)

SECTION H Special Contract Requirements

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

PAST PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT (SERVICES, INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY OR OPERATIONS SUPPORT) (APR 2000)

(a) The contractor, in performing this contract, will be subject to a past performance assessment in accordance with FAR 42.15, the Department of the Navy Contractor Performance Assessment Reporting System (CPARS) Guide (herein referred to as the Navy CPARS Guide), and the CPARS Users Manual in effect on the date of award. All information contained in this assessment may be used, within the limitations of FAR 42.15, by the Government for future source selection in accordance with FAR 15.304 when past performance is an evaluation factor for award. The assessment (herein referred to as the Contractor Performance Assessment Report (CPAR)) will be prepared by government personnel and reviewed by contractor personnel, via on-line, at the CPARS Web Site <http://www.cpars.navy.mil>. The CPAR will be prepared on an annual basis as determined by the Contracting Officer, with interim and final assessments as prescribed by the Navy CPARS guide. The Navy CPARS guide, the CPARS Users Manual and additional CPARS information can be found at the above CPARS Web Site.

(b) Access to the CPAR will require user id/passwords which will be provided to the contractor prior to the initial report due date. Utilizing the user id/passwords, contractor personnel will be able to review the CPAR and will have a 30-calendar-day period in which to agree/disagree with the ratings, enter comments, rebut statements or add information on an optional basis. After contractor input or 30 days from the date of government notification of CPAR availability, whichever occurs first, the CPAR will be reviewed by the government. The government will have the option of accepting or modifying the original ratings. The contractor will then be notified when the completed CPAR is posted in the CPARS web site. The CPAR is not subject to the Disputes clause of the contract, nor is it subject to appeal beyond the review and comment procedure described above and in the Navy CPARS Guide.

(c) The contractor will be assessed on the following elements:

(1) *Quality of Product or Service*: Compliance with contract requirements, contract specifications and to standards of good workmanship.

(2) *Schedule*: Contractor's timeliness in completing contract or task order milestones, delivery schedules, and administrative requirements.

(3) *Cost Control (Not required for FFP or FFP/EPA)*: The contractor's effectiveness in forecasting, managing, and controlling contract cost.

(4) *Business Relations*: The integration and coordination of all activity needed to execute the contract, specifically;

(A) Timeliness, completeness and quality of problem identification, corrective action plans, proposal submittals;

(B) The contractor's history of reasonable and cooperative behavior;

(C) Customer satisfaction;

(D) Timely award and management of subcontracts;

(E) Success in meeting or exceeding small/small disadvantaged and women-owned business participation goals.

(5) *Management of Key Personnel (Not Applicable to Operations Support)*: The contractor's performance in selecting, retaining, supporting, and replacing, when necessary, key personnel.

(6) *Other Areas (If applicable)*:

(d) The following adjectival ratings and criteria shall be used when assessing all past performance elements:

(1) *Dark Blue (Exceptional)*. Performance meets contractual requirements and exceeds many to the Government's benefit. The contractual performance of the element or sub-element being assessed was accomplished with few minor problems for which corrective actions taken by the contractor were highly effective.

(2) *Purple (Very Good)*. Performance meets contractual requirements and exceeds some to the Government's benefit. The contractual performance of the element or sub-element being assessed was accomplished with some minor problems for which corrective actions taken by the contractor were effective.

(3) *Green (Satisfactory)*. Performance meets contractual requirements. The contractual performance of the element or sub-element contains some minor problems for which corrective actions taken by the contractor appear or were satisfactory.

(4) *Yellow (Marginal)*. Performance does not meet some contractual requirements. The contractual performance of the element or sub-element being assessed reflects a serious problem for which the contractor has not yet identified corrective actions. The contractor's proposed actions appear only marginally effective or were not fully implemented.

(5) *Red (Unsatisfactory)*. Performance does not meet most contractual requirements and recovery is not likely in a timely manner. The contractual performance of the element or sub-element contains serious problem(s) for which the contractor's corrective actions appear or were ineffective.

SECTION I Contract Clauses

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

52.202-1	Definitions	MAY 2001
52.203-3	Gratuities	APR 1984
52.203-5	Covenant Against Contingent Fees	APR 1984
52.203-6	Restrictions On Subcontractor Sales To The Government	JUL 1995
52.203-7	Anti-Kickback Procedures	JUL 1995
52.203-8	Cancellation, Rescission, and Recovery of Funds for Illegal or Improper Activity	JAN 1997
52.203-10	Price Or Fee Adjustment For Illegal Or Improper Activity	JAN 1997
52.203-12	Limitation On Payments To Influence Certain Federal Transactions	JUN 1997
52.204-2	Security Requirements	AUG 1996
52.204-4	Printed or Copied Double-Sided on Recycled Paper	AUG 2000
52.209-6	Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting With Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment	JUL 1995
52.215-2	Audit and Records--Negotiation	JUN 1999
52.215-8	Order of Precedence--Uniform Contract Format	OCT 1997
52.215-11	Price Reduction for Defective Cost or Pricing Data--Modifications	OCT 1997
52.215-13	Subcontractor Cost or Pricing Data--Modifications	OCT 1997
52.215-15	Pension Adjustments and Asset Reversions	DEC 1998
52.215-18	Reversion or Adjustment of Plans for Postretirement Benefits (PRB) Other than Pensions	OCT 1997
52.215-21	Requirements for Cost or Pricing Data or Information Other Than Cost or Pricing Data--Modifications	OCT 1997
52.216-7	Allowable Cost And Payment	MAR 2000
52.216-8	Fixed Fee	MAR 1997
52.219-8	Utilization of Small Business Concerns	OCT 2000
52.219-9 Alt II	Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Oct 2001) Alternate II	OCT 2001
52.219-16	Liquidated Damages-Subcontracting Plan	JAN 1999
52.219-25	Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Program--Disadvantaged Status and Reporting	OCT 1999
52.222-20	Walsh-Healy Public Contracts Act	DEC 1996
52.222-21	Prohibition Of Segregated Facilities	FEB 1999
52.222-26	Equal Opportunity	FEB 1999
52.222-35	Affirmative Action For Disabled Veterans And Veterans of the Vietnam Era	APR 1998
52.222-36	Affirmative Action For Workers With Disabilities	JUN 1998
52.222-37	Employment Reports On Disabled Veterans And Veterans Of The Vietnam Era	JAN 1999
52.223-5	Pollution Prevention and Right-to-Know Information	APR 1998
52.223-6	Drug Free Workplace	MAY 2001
52.223-14	Toxic Chemical Release Reporting	OCT 2000
52.225-13	Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases	JUL 2000
52.227-1	Authorization and Consent	JUL 1995
52.227-2	Notice And Assistance Regarding Patent And Copyright Infringement	AUG 1996
52.228-7	Insurance--Liability To Third Persons	MAR 1996
52.230-2	Cost Accounting Standards	APR 1998
52.230-6	Administration of Cost Accounting Standards	NOV 1999
52.232-9	Limitation On Withholding Of Payments	APR 1984

52.232-17	Interest	JUN 1996
52.232-23 Alt I	Assignment of Claims (Jan 1986) - Alternate I	APR 1984
52.232-33	Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer--Central Contractor Registration	MAY 1999
52.233-1	Disputes	DEC 1998
52.233-3 Alt I	Protest After Award (Aug 1996) - Alternate I	JUN 1985
52.237-2	Protection Of Government Buildings, Equipment, And Vegetation	APR 1984
52.242-1	Notice of Intent to Disallow Costs	APR 1984
52.242-3	Penalties for Unallowable Costs	MAY 2001
52.242-4	Certification of Final Indirect Costs	JAN 1997
52.242-13	Bankruptcy	JUL 1995
52.243-2 Alt I	Changes--Cost-Reimbursement (Aug 1987) - Alternate I	APR 1984
52.244-5	Competition In Subcontracting	DEC 1996
52.246-25	Limitation Of Liability--Services	FEB 1997
52.249-6	Termination (Cost Reimbursement)	SEP 1996
52.249-14	Excusable Delays	APR 1984
52.253-1	Computer Generated Forms	JAN 1991
252.201-7000	Contracting Officer's Representative	DEC 1991
252.203-7001	Prohibition On Persons Convicted of Fraud or Other Defense-Contract-Related Felonies	MAR 1999
252.203-7002	Display Of DOD Hotline Poster	DEC 1991
252.204-7000	Disclosure Of Information	DEC 1991
252.204-7003	Control Of Government Personnel Work Product	APR 1992
252.204-7004	Required Central Contractor Registration	NOV 2001
252.204-7005	Oral Attestation of Security Responsibilities	NOV 2001
252.205-7000	Provisions Of Information To Cooperative Agreement Holders	DEC 1991
252.209-7000	Acquisition From Subcontractors Subject To On-Site Inspection Under The Intermediate Range Nuclear Forces (INF) Treaty	NOV 1995
252.209-7004	Subcontracting With Firms That Are Owned or Controlled By The Government of a Terrorist Country	MAR 1998
252.215-7000	Pricing Adjustments	DEC 1991
252.215-7002	Cost Estimating System Requirements	OCT 1998
252.219-7003	Small, Small Disadvantaged and Women-Owned Small Business Subcontracting Plan (DOD Contracts)	APR 1996
252.223-7004	Drug Free Work Force	SEP 1988
252.223-7006	Prohibition On Storage And Disposal Of Toxic And Hazardous Materials	APR 1993
252.225-7001	Buy American Act And Balance Of Payments Program	MAR 1998
252.225-7002	Qualifying Country Sources As Subcontractors	DEC 1991
252.225-7009	Duty-Free Entry--Qualifying Country Supplies (End Products and Components)	AUG 2000
252.225-7012	Preference For Certain Domestic Commodities	AUG 2000
252.225-7026	Reporting Of Contract Performance Outside The United States	JUN 2000
252.225-7031	Secondary Arab Boycott Of Israel	JUN 1992
252.226-7001	Utilization of Indian Organizations and Indian-Owned Economic Enterprises-DoD Contracts	SEP 2001
252.227-7013	Rights in Technical Data--Noncommercial Items	NOV 1995
252.227-7014	Rights in Noncommercial Computer Software and Noncommercial Computer Software Documentation	JUN 1995
252.227-7016	Rights in Bid or Proposal Information	JUN 1995
252.227-7019	Validation of Asserted Restrictions--Computer Software	JUN 1995
252.227-7025	Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends	JUN 1995
252.227-7027	Deferred Ordering Of Technical Data Or Computer Software	APR 1988
252.227-7030	Technical Data--Withholding Of Payment	MAR 2000

252.227-7036	Declaration of Technical Data Conformity	JAN 1997
252.227-7037	Validation of Restrictive Markings on Technical Data	SEP 1999
252.231-7000	Supplemental Cost Principles	DEC 1991
252.242-7004	Material Management And Accounting System	DEC 2000
252.243-7002	Requests for Equitable Adjustment	MAR 1998
252.244-7000	Subcontracts for Commercial Items and Commercial Components (DoD Contracts)	MAR 2000
252.247-7023	Transportation of Supplies by Sea	MAR 2000

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

52.216-18 ORDERING. (OCT 1995)

(a) Any supplies and services to be furnished under this contract shall be ordered by issuance of delivery orders or task orders by the individuals or activities designated in the Schedule. Such orders may be issued from date of contract through fifty-seven (57) months thereafter..

(b) All delivery orders or task orders are subject to the terms and conditions of this contract. In the event of conflict between a delivery order or task order and this contract, the contract shall control.

(c) If mailed, a delivery order or task order is considered "issued" when the Government deposits the order in the mail. Orders may be issued orally, by facsimile, or by electronic commerce methods only if authorized in the Schedule.

(End of clause)

52.216-19 ORDER LIMITATIONS. (OCT 1995)

(a) Minimum order. When the Government requires supplies or services covered by this contract in an amount of less than \$1,000.00, the Government is not obligated to purchase, nor is the Contractor obligated to furnish, those supplies or services under the contract.

(b) Maximum order. The Contractor is not obligated to honor:

(1) Any order for a single item in excess of **\$3,000,000.00;**

(2) Any order for a combination of items in excess of \$3,000,000.00 (insert dollar figure or quantity); or

(3) A series of orders from the same ordering office within **7** days that together call for quantities exceeding the limitation in subparagraph (1) or (2) above.

(c) If this is a requirements contract (i.e., includes the Requirements clause at subsection 52.216-21 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR)), the Government is not required to order a part of any one requirement from the Contractor if that requirement exceeds the maximum-order limitations in paragraph (b) above.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (b) and (c) above, the Contractor shall honor any order exceeding the maximum order limitations in paragraph (b), unless that order (or orders) is returned to the ordering office within 7 days after issuance, with written notice stating the Contractor's intent not to ship the item (or items) called for and the reasons. Upon receiving this notice, the Government may acquire the supplies or services from another source.

(End of clause)

52.216-22 INDEFINITE QUANTITY. (OCT 1995)

(a) This is an indefinite-quantity contract for the supplies or services specified, and effective for the period stated, in the Schedule. The quantities of supplies and services specified in the Schedule are estimates only and are not purchased by this contract.

(b) Delivery or performance shall be made only as authorized by orders issued in accordance with the Ordering clause. The Contractor shall furnish to the Government, when and if ordered, the supplies or services specified in the Schedule up to and including the quantity designated in the Schedule as the "maximum". The Government shall order at least the quantity of supplies or services designated in the Schedule as the "minimum".

(c) Except for any limitations on quantities in the Order Limitations clause or in the Schedule, there is no limit on the number of orders that may be issued. The Government may issue orders requiring delivery to multiple destinations or performance at multiple locations.

(d) Any order issued during the effective period of this contract and not completed within that period shall be completed by the Contractor within the time specified in the order. The contract shall govern the Contractor's and Government's rights and obligations with respect to that order to the same extent as if the order were completed during the contract's effective period; provided, that the Contractor shall not be required to make any deliveries under this contract after sixty months after date of contract.

(End of clause)

52.232-22 LIMITATION OF FUNDS (APR 1984)

(a) The parties estimate that performance of this contract will not cost the Government more than (1) the estimated cost specified in the Schedule or, (2) if this is a cost-sharing contract, the Government's share of the estimated cost specified in the Schedule. The Contractor agrees to use its best efforts to perform the work specified in the Schedule and all obligations under this contract within the estimated cost, which, if this is a cost-sharing contract, includes both the Government's and the Contractor's share of the cost.

(b) The Schedule specifies the amount presently available for payment by the Government and allotted to this contract, the items covered, the Government's share of the cost if this is a cost-sharing contract, and the period of performance it is estimated the allotted amount will cover. The parties contemplate that the Government will allot additional funds incrementally to the contract up to the full estimated cost to the Government specified in the Schedule, exclusive of any fee. The Contractor agrees to perform, or have performed, work on the contract up to the point at which the total amount paid and payable by the Government under the contract approximates but does not exceed the total amount actually allotted by the Government to the contract.

(c) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing whenever it has reason to believe that the costs it expects to incur under this contract in the next 60 days, when added to all costs previously incurred, will exceed 75 percent of (1) the total amount so far allotted to the contract by the Government or, (2) if this is a cost-sharing contract, the amount then allotted to the contract by the Government plus the Contractor's corresponding share. The notice shall state the estimated amount of additional funds required to continue performance for the period specified in the Schedule.

(d) Sixty days before the end of the period specified in the Schedule, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing of the estimated amount of additional funds, if any, required to continue timely performance under the contract or for any further period specified in the Schedule or otherwise agreed upon, and when the funds will be required.

(e) If, after notification, additional funds are not allotted by the end of the period specified in the Schedule or another agreed-upon date, upon the Contractor's written request the Contracting Officer will terminate this contract on that date in accordance with the provisions of the Termination clause of this contract. If the Contractor estimates that the funds available will allow it to continue to discharge its obligations beyond that date, it may specify a later date in its request, and the Contracting Officer may terminate this contract on that later date.

(f) Except as required by other provisions of this contract, specifically citing and stated to be an exception to this clause--

(1) The Government is not obligated to reimburse the Contractor for costs incurred in excess of the total amount allotted by the Government to this contract; and

(2) The Contractor is not obligated to continue performance under this contract (including actions under the Termination clause of this contract) or otherwise incur costs in excess of (i) the amount then allotted to the contract by the Government or, (ii) if this is a cost-sharing contract, the amount then allotted by the Government to the contract plus the Contractor's corresponding share, until the Contracting Officer notifies the Contractor in writing that the amount allotted by the Government has been increased and specifies an increased amount, which shall then constitute the total amount allotted by the Government to this contract.

(g) The estimated cost shall be increased to the extent that (1) the amount allotted by the Government or, (2) if this is a cost-sharing contract, the amount then allotted by the Government to the contract plus the Contractor's corresponding share, exceeds the estimated cost specified in the Schedule. If this is a cost-sharing contract, the increase shall be allocated in accordance with the formula specified in the Schedule.

(h) No notice, communication, or representation in any form other than that specified in subparagraph (f)(2) above, or from any person other than the Contracting Officer, shall affect the amount allotted by the Government to this contract. In the absence of the specified notice, the Government is not obligated to reimburse the Contractor for any costs in excess of the total amount allotted by the Government to this contract, whether incurred during the course of the contract or as a result of termination.

(i) When and to the extent that the amount allotted by the Government to the contract is increased, any costs the Contractor incurs before the increase that are in excess of (1) the amount previously allotted by the Government or, (2) if this is a cost-sharing contract, the amount previously allotted by the Government to the contract plus the Contractor's corresponding share, shall be allowable to the same extent as if incurred afterward, unless the Contracting Officer issues a termination or other notice and directs that the increase is solely to cover termination or other specified expenses.

(j) Change orders shall not be considered an authorization to exceed the amount allotted by the Government specified in the Schedule, unless they contain a statement increasing the amount allotted.

(k) Nothing in this clause shall affect the right of the Government to terminate this contract. If this contract is terminated, the Government and the Contractor shall negotiate an equitable distribution of all property produced or purchased under the contract, based upon the share of costs incurred by each.

(l) If the Government does not allot sufficient funds to allow completion of the work, the Contractor is entitled to a percentage of the fee specified in the Schedule equalling the percentage of completion of the work contemplated by this contract.

52.232-25 PROMPT PAYMENT (MAY 2001) ALTERNATE I (OCT 2001)

Notwithstanding any other payment clause in this contract, the Government will make invoice payments and contract financing payments under the terms and conditions specified in this clause. Payment shall be considered as being made on the day a check is dated or the date of an electronic funds transfer. Definitions of pertinent terms are set forth in section 2.101 and 32.902 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation. All days referred to in this clause are calendar days, unless otherwise specified. (However, see subparagraph (a)(4) of this clause concerning payments due on Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays.)

(a) Invoice payments. (1) Due date--(i) Except as indicated in subparagraph (a)(2) and paragraph (c) of this clause, the due date for making invoice payments by the designated payment office shall be the later of the following two events:

(A) The 30th day after the designated billing office has received a proper invoice from the Contractor (except as provided in subdivision (a)(1)(ii) of this clause).

(B) The 30th day after Government acceptance of supplies delivered or services performed by the Contractor. On a final invoice where the payment amount is subject to contract settlement actions, acceptance shall be deemed to have occurred on the effective date of the contract settlement.

(ii) If the designated billing office fails to annotate the invoice with the actual date of receipt at the time of receipt, the invoice payment due date shall be the 30th day after the date of the Contractor's invoice; provided a proper invoice is received and there is no disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with contract requirements.

(2) Certain food products and other payments. (i) Due dates on Contractor invoices for meat, meat food products, or fish; perishable agricultural commodities; and dairy products, edible fats or oils, and food products prepared from edible fats or oils are--

(A) For meat or meat food products, as defined in section 2(a)(3) of the Packers and Stockyard Act of 1921 (7 U.S.C. 182(3)), and as further defined in Pub. L. 98-181, including any edible fresh or frozen poultry meat, any perishable poultry meat food product, fresh eggs, and any perishable egg product, as close as possible to, but not later than, the 7th day after product delivery.

(B) For fresh or frozen fish, as defined in section 204(3) of the Fish and Seafood Promotion Act of 1986 (16 U.S.C. 4003(3)), as close as possible to, but not later than, the 7th day after product delivery.

(C) For perishable agricultural commodities, as defined in section 1(4) of the Perishable Agricultural Commodities Act of 1930 (7 U.S.C. 499a(4)), as close as possible to, but not later than, the 10th day after product delivery, unless another date is specified in the contract.

(D) For dairy products, as defined in section 111(e) of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 4502(e)), edible fats or oils, and food products prepared from edible fats or oils, as close as possible to, but not later than, the 10th day after the date on which a proper invoice has been received. Liquid milk, cheese, certain processed cheese products, butter, yogurt, ice cream, mayonnaise, salad dressings, and other similar products, fall within this classification. Nothing in the Act limits this classification to refrigerated products. When questions arise regarding the proper classification of a specific product, prevailing industry practices will be followed in specifying a contract payment due date. The burden of proof that a classification of a specific product is, in fact, prevailing industry practice is upon the Contractor making the representation.

(ii) If the contract does not require submission of an invoice for payment (e.g., periodic lease payments), the due date will be as specified in the contract.

(3) Contractor's invoice. The Contractor shall prepare and submit invoices to the designated billing office specified in the contract. A proper invoice must include the items listed in subdivisions (a)(3)(i) through (a)(3)(viii) of this clause. If the invoice does not comply with these requirements, it shall be returned within 7 days after the date the designated billing office received the invoice (3 days for meat, meat food products, or fish; 5 days for perishable agricultural commodities, edible fats or oils, and food products prepared from edible fats or oils), with a statement of the reasons why it is not a proper invoice. Untimely notification will be taken into account in computing any interest penalty owed the Contractor in the manner described in subparagraph (a)(5) of this clause.

(i) Name and address of the Contractor.

(ii) Invoice date. (The Contractor is encouraged to date invoices as close as possible to the date of the mailing or transmission.)

(iii) Contract number or other authorization for supplies delivered or services performed (including order number and contract line item number).

(iv) Description, quantity, unit of measure, unit price, and extended price of supplies delivered or services performed.

(v) Shipping and payment terms (e.g., shipment number and date of shipment, prompt payment discount terms). Bill of lading number and weight of shipment will be shown for shipments on Government bills of lading.

(vi) Name and address of Contractor official to whom payment is to be sent (must be the same as that in the contract or in a proper notice of assignment).

(vii) Name (where practicable), title, phone number, and mailing address of person to be notified in the event of a defective invoice.

(viii) Any other information or documentation required by the contract (such as evidence of shipment).

(ix) While not required, the Contractor is strongly encouraged to assign an identification number to each invoice.

(4) Interest penalty. An interest penalty shall be paid automatically by the designated payment office, without request from the Contractor, if payment is not made by the due date and the conditions listed in subdivisions (a)(4)(i) through (a)(4)(iii) of this clause are met, if applicable. However, when the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday when Federal Government offices are closed and Government business is not expected to be conducted, payment may be made on the following business day without incurring a late payment interest penalty.

(i) A proper invoice was received by the designated billing office.

(ii) A receiving report or other Government documentation authorizing payment was processed, and there was no disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with any contract term or condition.

(iii) In the case of a final invoice for any balance of funds due the Contractor for supplies delivered or services performed, the amount was not subject to further contract settlement actions between the Government and the Contractor.

(5) Computing penalty amount. The interest penalty shall be at the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under section 12 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 611) that is in effect on the day after the due date, except where the interest penalty is prescribed by other governmental authority (e.g., tariffs). This rate is referred to as the "Renegotiation Board Interest Rate," and it is published in the Federal Register semiannually on or about January 1 and July 1. The interest penalty shall accrue daily on the invoice principal payment amount approved by the Government until the payment date of such approved principal amount; and will be compounded in 30-day increments inclusive from the first day after the due date through the payment date. That is, interest accrued at the end of any 30-day period will be added to the approved invoice principal payment amount and will be subject to interest penalties if not paid in the succeeding 30-day period. If the designated billing office failed to notify the Contractor of a defective invoice within the periods prescribed in subparagraph (a)(3) of this clause, the due date on the corrected invoice will be adjusted by subtracting from such date the number of days taken beyond the prescribed notification of defects period. Any interest penalty owed the Contractor will be based on this adjusted due date. Adjustments will be made by the designated payment office for errors in calculating interest penalties.

(i) For the sole purpose of computing an interest penalty that might be due the Contractor, Government acceptance shall be deemed to have occurred constructively on the 7th day (unless otherwise specified in this contract) after the Contractor delivered the supplies or performed the services in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract, unless there is a disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with a contract provision. In the event that actual acceptance occurs within the constructive acceptance period, the determination of an interest penalty shall be based on the actual date of acceptance. The constructive acceptance requirement does not, however,

compel Government officials to accept supplies or services, perform contract administration functions, or make payment prior to fulfilling their responsibilities.

(ii) The following periods of time will not be included in the determination of an interest penalty:

(A) The period taken to notify the Contractor of defects in invoices submitted to the Government, but this may not exceed 7 days (3 days for meat, meat food products, or fish; 5 days for perishable agricultural commodities, dairy products, edible fats or oils, and food products prepared from edible fats or oils).

(B) The period between the defects notice and resubmission of the corrected invoice by the Contractor.

(C) For incorrect electronic funds transfer (EFT) information, in accordance with the EFT clause of this contract.

(iii) Interest penalties will not continue to accrue after the filing of a claim for such penalties under the clause at 52.233-1, Disputes, or for more than 1 year. Interest penalties of less than \$1 need not be paid.

(iv) Interest penalties are not required on payment delays due to disagreement between the Government and the Contractor over the payment amount or other issues involving contract compliance or on amounts temporarily withheld or retained in accordance with the terms of the contract. Claims involving disputes, and any interest that may be payable, will be resolved in accordance with the clause at 52.233-1, Disputes.

(6) Prompt payment discounts. An interest penalty also shall be paid automatically by the designated payment office, without request from the Contractor, if a discount for prompt payment is taken improperly. The interest penalty will be calculated as described in subparagraph (a)(5) of this clause on the amount of discount taken for the period beginning with the first day after the end of the discount period through the date when the Contractor is paid.

(7) Additional interest penalty. (i) If this contract was awarded on or after October 1, 1989, a penalty amount, calculated in accordance with subdivision (a)(7)(iii) of this clause, shall be paid in addition to the interest penalty amount if the Contractor--

(A) Is owed an interest penalty of \$1 or more;

(B) Is not paid the interest penalty within 10 days after the date the invoice amount is paid; and

(C) Makes a written demand to the designated payment office for additional penalty payment, in accordance with subdivision (a)(7)(ii) of this clause, postmarked not later than 40 days after the invoice amount is paid.

(ii)(A) Contractors shall support written demands for additional penalty payments with the following data. No additional data shall be required. Contractors shall--

(1) Specifically assert that late payment interest is due under a specific invoice, and request payment of all overdue late payment interest penalty and such additional penalty as may be required;

(2) Attach a copy of the invoice on which the unpaid late payment interest was due; and

(3) State that payment of the principal has been received, including the date of receipt.

(B) Demands must be postmarked on or before the 40th day after payment was made, except that--

(1) If the postmark is illegible or nonexistent, the demand must have been received and annotated with the date of receipt by the designated payment office on or before the 40th day after payment was made; or

(2) If the postmark is illegible or nonexistent and the designated payment office fails to make the required annotation, the demand's validity will be determined by the date the Contractor has placed on the demand; provided such date is no later than the 40th day after payment was made.

(iii)(A) The additional penalty shall be equal to 100 percent of any original late payment interest penalty, except--

(1) The additional penalty shall not exceed \$5,000;

(2) The additional penalty shall never be less than \$25; and

(3) No additional penalty is owed if the amount of the underlying interest penalty is less than \$1.

(B) If the interest penalty ceases to accrue in accordance with the limits stated in subdivision (a)(5)(iii) of this clause, the amount of the additional penalty shall be calculated on the amount of interest penalty that would have accrued in the absence of these limits, subject to the overall limits on the additional penalty specified in subdivision (a)(7)(iii)(A) of this clause.

(C) For determining the maximum and minimum additional penalties, the test shall be the interest penalty due on each separate payment made for each separate contract. The maximum and minimum additional penalty shall not be based upon individual invoices unless the invoices are paid separately. Where payments are consolidated for disbursing purposes, the maximum and minimum additional penalty determination shall be made separately for each contract therein.

(D) The additional penalty does not apply to payments regulated by other Government regulations (e.g., payments under utility contracts subject to tariffs and regulation).

(b) Contract financing payments. (1) Due dates for recurring financing payments. If this contract provides for contract financing, requests for payment shall be submitted to the designated billing office as specified in this contract or as directed by the Contracting Officer. Contract financing payments shall be made on the [insert day as prescribed by Agency head; if not prescribed, insert 30th day] day after receipt of a proper contract financing request by the designated billing office. In the event that an audit or other review of a specific financing request is required to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of the contract, the designated payment office is not compelled to make payment by the due date specified.

(2) Due dates for other contract financing. For advance payments, loans, or other arrangements that do not involve recurring submissions of contract financing requests, payment shall be made in accordance with the corresponding contract terms or as directed by the Contracting Officer.

(3) Interest penalty not applicable. Contract financing payments shall not be assessed an interest penalty for payment delays.

(c) Fast payment procedure due dates. If this contract contains the clause at 52.213-1, Fast Payment Procedure, payments will be made within 15 days after the date of receipt of the invoice.

(d) Invoices for interim payments. For interim payments under this cost-reimbursement contract for services--

(1) Paragraphs (a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(4)(ii), (a)(4)(iii), and (a)(5)(i) do not apply;

(2) For purposes of computing late payment interest penalties that may apply, the due date for payment is the 30th day after the designated billing office receives a proper invoice; and

(3) The Contractor shall submit invoices for interim payments in accordance with paragraph (a) of FAR 52.216-7, Allowable Cost and Payment. If the invoice does not comply with contract requirements, it will be returned within 7 days after the date the designated billing office received the invoice.

(End of clause)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

Approved purchasing system means a Contractor's purchasing system that has been reviewed and approved in accordance with Part 44 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).

Consent to subcontract means the Contracting Officer's written consent for the Contractor to enter into a particular subcontract.

Subcontract means any contract, as defined in FAR Subpart 2.1, entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of the prime contract or a subcontract. It includes, but is not limited to, purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.

(b) This clause does not apply to subcontracts for special test equipment when the contract contains the clause at FAR 52.245-18, Special Test Equipment.

(c) When this clause is included in a fixed-price type contract, consent to subcontract is required only on unpriced contract actions (including unpriced modifications or unpriced delivery orders), and only if required in accordance with paragraph (d) or (e) of this clause.

(d) If the Contractor does not have an approved purchasing system, consent to subcontract is required for any subcontract that--

(1) Is of the cost-reimbursement, time-and-materials, or labor-hour type; or

(2) Is fixed-price and exceeds--

(i) For a contract awarded by the Department of Defense, the Coast Guard, or the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the greater of the simplified acquisition threshold or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of the contract; or

(ii) For a contract awarded by a civilian agency other than the Coast Guard and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, either the simplified acquisition threshold or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of the contract.

(e) If the Contractor has an approved purchasing system, the Contractor nevertheless shall obtain the Contracting Officer's written consent before placing the following subcontracts:

(f)(1) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of placing any subcontract or modification thereof for which consent is required under paragraph (c), (d), or (e) of this clause, including the following information:

(i) A description of the supplies or services to be subcontracted.

(ii) Identification of the type of subcontract to be used.

(iii) Identification of the proposed subcontractor.

(iv) The proposed subcontract price.

(v) The subcontractor's current, complete, and accurate cost or pricing data and Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, if required by other contract provisions.

(vi) The subcontractor's Disclosure Statement or Certificate relating to Cost Accounting Standards when such data are required by other provisions of this contract.

(vii) A negotiation memorandum reflecting--

(A) The principal elements of the subcontract price negotiations;

(B) The most significant considerations controlling establishment of initial or revised prices;

(C) The reason cost or pricing data were or were not required;

(D) The extent, if any, to which the Contractor did not rely on the subcontractor's cost or pricing data in determining the price objective and in negotiating the final price;

(E) The extent to which it was recognized in the negotiation that the subcontractor's cost or pricing data were not accurate, complete, or current; the action taken by the Contractor and the subcontractor; and the effect of any such defective data on the total price negotiated;

(F) The reasons for any significant difference between the Contractor's price objective and the price negotiated; and

(G) A complete explanation of the incentive fee or profit plan when incentives are used. The explanation shall identify each critical performance element, management decisions used to quantify each incentive element, reasons for the incentives, and a summary of all trade-off possibilities considered.

(2) If the Contractor has an approved purchasing system and consent is not required under paragraph (c), (d), or (e) of this clause, the Contractor nevertheless shall notify the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of entering into any (i) cost-plus-fixed-fee subcontract, or (ii) fixed-price subcontract that exceeds the greater of the simplified acquisition threshold or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of this contract. The notification shall include the information required by paragraphs (f)(1)(i) through (f)(1)(iv) of this clause.

(g) Unless the consent or approval specifically provides otherwise, neither consent by the Contracting Officer to any subcontract nor approval of the Contractor's purchasing system shall constitute a determination--

(1) Of the acceptability of any subcontract terms or conditions;

(2) Of the allowability of any cost under this contract; or

(3) To relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for performing this contract.

(h) No subcontract or modification thereof placed under this contract shall provide for payment on a cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost basis, and any fee payable under cost-reimbursement type subcontracts shall not exceed the fee limitations in FAR 15.404-4(c)(4)(i).

(i) The Contractor shall give the Contracting Officer immediate written notice of any action or suit filed and prompt notice of any claim made against the Contractor by any subcontractor or vendor that, in the opinion of the Contractor, may result in litigation related in any way to this contract, with respect to which the Contractor may be entitled to reimbursement from the Government.

(j) The Government reserves the right to review the Contractor's purchasing system as set forth in FAR Subpart 44.3.

(k) Paragraphs (d) and (f) of this clause do not apply to the following subcontracts, which were evaluated during negotiations:

52.244-6 SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS (MAY 2001)

(a) Definitions. As used this clause--

"Commercial item", has the meaning contained in the clause at 52.202-1, Definitions.

"Subcontract", includes a transfer of commercial items between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor or subcontractor at any tier.

(b) To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall incorporate, and require its subcontractors at all tiers to incorporate, commercial items or nondevelopmental items as components of items to be supplied under this contract.

(c)(1) The following clauses shall be flowed down to subcontracts for commercial items:

(i) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (OCT 2000) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$500,000 (\$1,000,000 for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.

(ii) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (FEB 1999) (E.O. 11246).

(iii) 52.222-35, Affirmative Action for Disabled Veterans and Veterans of the Vietnam Era (APR 1998) (38 U.S.C. 4212(a)).

(iv) 52.222-36, Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (JUN 1998) (29 U.S.C. 793).

(v) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flagged Commercial Vessels (JUN 2000) (46 U.S.C. Appx 1241) (flowdown not required for subcontracts awarded beginning May 1, 1996).

(2) While not required, the Contractor may flow down to subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.

(d) The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts awarded under this contract.

52.245-5 GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (COST-REIMBURSEMENT, TIME-AND-MATERIAL, OR LABOR-HOUR CONTRACTS) (JAN 1986) (DEVIATION)

(a) Government-furnished property.

(1) The term "Contractor's managerial personnel," as used in paragraph (g) of this clause, means any of the Contractor's directors, officers, managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of--

(i) All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;

(ii) All or substantially all of the Contractor's operation at any one plant, or separate location at which the contract is being performed; or

(iii) A separate and complete major industrial operation connected with performing this contract.

(2) The Government shall deliver to the Contractor, for use in connection with and under the terms of this contract, the Government-furnished property described in the Schedule or specifications, together with such related data and information as the Contractor may request and as may be reasonably required for the intended use of the property (hereinafter referred to as "Government-furnished property").

(3) The delivery or performance dates for this contract are based upon the expectation that Government-furnished property suitable for use will be delivered to the Contractor at the times stated in the Schedule or, if not so stated, in sufficient time to enable the Contractor to meet the contract's delivery or performance dates.

(4) If Government-furnished property is received by the Contractor in a condition not suitable for the intended use, the Contractor shall, upon receipt, notify the Contracting Officer, detailing the facts, and, as directed by the

Contracting Officer and at Government expense, either effect repairs or modification or return or otherwise dispose of the property. After completing the directed action and upon written request of the Contractor, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment as provided in paragraph (h) of this clause.

(5) If Government-furnished property is not delivered to the Contractor by the required time or times, the Contracting Officer shall, upon the Contractor's timely written request, make a determination of the delay, if any, caused the Contractor and shall make an equitable adjustment in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause.

(b) Changes in Government-furnished property. (1) The Contracting Officer may, by written notice, (i) decrease the Government-furnished property provided or to be provided under this contract or (ii) substitute other Government-furnished property for the property to be provided by the Government or to be acquired by the Contractor for the Government under this contract. The Contractor shall promptly take such action as the Contracting Officer may direct regarding the removal, shipment, or disposal of the property covered by this notice.

(2) Upon the Contractor's written request, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment to the contract in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause, if the Government has agreed in the Schedule to make such property available for performing this contract and there is any--

(i) Decrease or substitution in this property pursuant to subparagraph (b)(1) above; or

(ii) Withdrawal of authority to use property, if provided under any other contract or lease.

(c) Title. (1) The Government shall retain title to all Government-furnished property.

(2) Title to all property purchased by the Contractor for which the Contractor is entitled to be reimbursed as a direct item of cost under this contract shall pass to and vest in the Government upon the vendor's delivery of such property.

(3) Title to all other property, the cost of which is reimbursable to the Contractor, shall pass to and vest in the Government upon--

(i) Issuance of the property for use in contract performance;

(ii) Commencement of processing of the property for use in contract performance; or

(iii) Reimbursement of the cost of the property by the Government, whichever occurs first.

(4) All Government-furnished property and all property acquired by the Contractor, title to which vests in the Government under this paragraph (collectively referred to as "Government property"), are subject to the provisions of this clause. Title to Government property shall not be affected by its incorporation into or attachment to any property not owned by the Government, nor shall Government property become a fixture or lose its identity as personal property by being attached to any real property.

(d) Use of Government property. The Government property shall be used only for performing this contract, unless otherwise provided in this contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.

(e) Property administration. (1) The Contractor shall be responsible and accountable for all Government property provided under the contract and shall comply with Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Subpart 45.5, as in effect on the date of this contract.

(2) The Contractor shall establish and maintain a program for the use, maintenance, repair, protection, and preservation of Government property in accordance with sound business practice and the applicable provisions of FAR Subpart 45.5.

(3) If damage occurs to Government property, the risk of which has been assumed by the Government under this contract, the Government shall replace the items or the Contractor shall make such repairs as the Government directs. However, if the Contractor cannot effect such repairs within the time required, the Contractor shall dispose of the property as directed by the Contracting Officer. When any property for which the Government is responsible is replaced or repaired, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause.

(f) Access. The Government and all its designees shall have access at all reasonable times to the premises in which any Government property is located for the purpose of inspecting the Government property.

(g) Limited risk of loss. (1) The Contractor shall not be liable for loss or destruction of, or damage to, the Government property provided under this contract or for expenses incidental to such loss, destruction, or damage, except as provided in subparagraphs (2) and (3) below.

(2) The Contractor shall be responsible for loss or destruction of, or damage to, the Government property provided under this contract (including expenses incidental to such loss, destruction, or damage)--

(i) That results from a risk expressly required to be insured under this contract, but only to the extent of the insurance required to be purchased and maintained or to the extent of insurance actually purchased and maintained, whichever is greater;

(ii) That results from a risk that is in fact covered by insurance or for which the Contractor is otherwise reimbursed, but only to the extent of such insurance or reimbursement;

(iii) For which the Contractor is otherwise responsible under the express terms of this contract;

(iv) That results from willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel; or

(v) That results from a failure on the part of the Contractor, due to willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel, to establish and administer a program or system for the control, use, protection, preservation, maintenance, and repair of Government property as required by paragraph (e) of this clause.

(3)(i) If the Contractor fails to act as provided by subdivision (g)(2)(v) above, after being notified (by certified mail addressed to one of the Contractor's managerial personnel) of the Government's disapproval, withdrawal of approval, or nonacceptance of the system or program, it shall be conclusively presumed that such failure was due to willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel.

(ii) In such event, any loss or destruction of, or damage to, the Government property shall be presumed to have resulted from such failure unless the Contractor can establish by clear and convincing evidence that such loss, destruction, or damage--

(A) Did not result from the Contractor's failure to maintain an approved program or system; or

(B) Occurred while an approved program or system was maintained by the Contractor.

(4) If the Contractor transfers Government property to the possession and control of a subcontractor, the transfer shall not affect the liability of the Contractor for loss or destruction of, or damage to, the property as set forth above. However, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to assume the risk of, and be responsible for, any loss or destruction of, or damage to, the property while in the subcontractor's possession or control, except to the extent that the subcontract, with the advance approval of the Contracting Officer, relieves the subcontractor from such liability. In the absence of such approval, the subcontract shall contain appropriate provisions requiring the return of all Government property in as good condition as when received, except for reasonable wear and tear or for its use in accordance with the provisions of the prime contract.

(5) The Contractor shall notify the contracting officer upon loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property provided under this contract, with the exception of low value property for which loss, damage, or destruction is reported at contract termination, completion, or when needed for continued contract performance. The Contractor shall take all reasonable action to protect the Government property from further damage, separate the damaged and undamaged Government property, put all the affected Government property in the best possible order, and furnish to the Contracting Officer a statement of--

(i) The lost, destroyed, or damaged Government property;

(ii) The time and origin of the loss, destruction, or damage;

(iii) All known interests in commingled property of which the Government property is a part; and

(iv) The insurance, if any, covering any part of or interest in such commingled property.

(6) The Contractor shall repair, renovate, and take such other action with respect to damaged Government property as the Contracting Officer directs. If the Government property is destroyed or damaged beyond practical repair, or is damaged and so commingled or combined with property of others (including the Contractor's) that separation is impractical, the Contractor may, with the approval of and subject to any conditions imposed by the Contracting Officer, sell such property for the account of the Government. Such sales may be made in order to minimize the loss to the Government, to permit the resumption of business, or to accomplish a similar purpose. The Contractor shall be entitled to an equitable adjustment in the contract price for the expenditures made in performing the obligations under this subparagraph (g)(6) in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause. However, the Government may directly reimburse the loss and salvage organization for any of their charges. The Contracting Officer shall give due regard to the Contractor's liability under this paragraph (g) when making any such equitable adjustment.

(7) The Contractor shall not be reimbursed for, and shall not include as an item of overhead, the cost of insurance or of any reserve covering risk of loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property, except to the extent that the Government may have expressly required the Contractor to carry such insurance under another provision of this contract.

(8) In the event the Contractor is reimbursed or otherwise compensated for any loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property, the Contractor shall use the proceeds to repair, renovate, or replace the lost, destroyed, or damaged Government property or shall otherwise credit the proceeds to, or equitably reimburse, the Government, as directed by the Contracting Officer.

(9) The Contractor shall do nothing to prejudice the Government's rights to recover against third parties for any loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property. Upon the request of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall, at the Government's expense, furnish to the Government all reasonable assistance and cooperation (including the prosecution of suit and the execution of instruments of assignment in favor of the Government) in obtaining recovery. In addition, where a subcontractor has not been relieved from liability for any loss or destruction of, or damage to, Government property, the Contractor shall enforce for the benefit of the Government the liability of the subcontractor for such loss, destruction, or damage.

(h) Equitable adjustment. When this clause specifies an equitable adjustment, it shall be made to any affected contract provision in accordance with the procedures of the Changes clause. When appropriate, the Contracting Officer may initiate an equitable adjustment in favor of the Government. The right to an equitable adjustment shall be the Contractor's exclusive remedy. The Government shall not be liable to suit for breach of contract for--

- (1) Any delay in delivery of Government-furnished property;
- (2) Delivery of Government-furnished property in a condition not suitable for its intended use;
- (3) A decrease in or substitution of Government-furnished property; or
- (4) Failure to repair or replace Government property for which the Government is responsible.

(i) Final accounting and disposition of Government property. Upon completing this contract, or at such earlier dates as may be fixed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall submit, in a form acceptable to the Contracting Officer, inventory schedules covering all items of Government property not consumed in performing this contract or delivered to the Government. The Contractor shall prepare for shipment, deliver f.o.b. origin, or dispose of the Government property as may be directed or authorized by the Contracting Officer. The net proceeds of any such disposal shall be credited to the cost of the work covered by this contract or paid to the Government as directed by the Contracting Officer. The foregoing provisions shall apply to scrap from Government property; provided, however, that the Contracting Officer may authorize or direct the Contractor to omit from such inventory schedules any scrap consisting of faulty castings or forgings or of cutting and processing waste, such as chips, cuttings, borings, turnings, short ends, circles, trimmings, clippings, and remnants, and to dispose of such scrap in accordance with the Contractor's normal practice and account for it as a part of general overhead or other reimbursable costs in accordance with the Contractor's established accounting procedures.

(j) Abandonment and restoration of Contractor premises. Unless otherwise provided herein, the Government--

(1) May abandon any Government property in place, at which time all obligations of the Government regarding such abandoned property shall cease; and

(2) Has no obligation to restore or rehabilitate the Contractor's premises under any circumstances (e.g., abandonment, disposition upon completion of need, or contract completion). However, if the Government-furnished property (listed in the Schedule or specifications) is withdrawn or is unsuitable for the intended use, or if other Government property is substituted, then the equitable adjustment under paragraph (h) of this clause may properly include restoration or rehabilitation costs.

(k) Communications. All communications under this clause shall be in writing.

(l) Overseas contracts. If this contract is to be performed outside the United States of America, its territories, or possessions, the words "Government" and "Government-furnished" (wherever they appear in this clause) shall be construed as "United States Government" and "United States Government-furnished," respectively.

52.248-1 VALUE ENGINEERING (FEB 2000)

(a) General. The Contractor is encouraged to develop, prepare, and submit value engineering change proposals (VECP's) voluntarily. The Contractor shall share in any net acquisition savings realized from accepted VECP's, in accordance with the incentive sharing rates in paragraph (f) below.

(b) Definitions. "**Acquisition** savings," as used in this clause, means savings resulting from the application of a VECP to contracts awarded by the same contracting office or its successor for essentially the same unit. Acquisition savings include--

(1) Instant contract savings, which are the net cost reductions on this, the instant contract, and which are equal to the instant unit cost reduction multiplied by the number of instant contract units affected by the VECP, less the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs;

(2) Concurrent contract savings, which are net reductions in the prices of other contracts that are definitized and ongoing at the time the VECP is accepted; and

(3) Future contract savings, which are the product of the future unit cost reduction multiplied by the number of future contract units in the sharing base. On an instant contract, future contract savings include savings on increases in quantities after VECP acceptance that are due to contract modifications, exercise of options, additional orders, and funding of subsequent year requirements on a multiyear contract.

"Collateral costs," as used in this clause, means agency cost of operation, maintenance, logistic support, or Government-furnished property.

"Collateral savings," as used in this clause, means those measurable net reductions resulting from a VECP in the agency's overall projected collateral costs, exclusive of acquisition savings, whether or not the acquisition cost changes.

"Contracting office" includes any contracting office that the acquisition is transferred to, such as another branch of the agency or another agency's office that is performing a joint acquisition action.

"Contractor's development and implementation costs," as used in this clause, means those costs the Contractor incurs on a VECP specifically in developing, testing, preparing, and submitting the VECP, as well as those costs the Contractor incurs to make the contractual changes required by Government acceptance of a VECP.

"Future unit cost reduction," as used in this clause, means the instant unit cost reduction adjusted as the Contracting Officer considers necessary for projected learning or changes in quantity during the sharing period. It is calculated at the time the VECP is accepted and applies either (1) throughout the sharing period, unless the Contracting Officer decides that recalculation is necessary because conditions are significantly different from those previously anticipated or (2) to the calculation of a lump-sum payment, which cannot later be revised.

"Government costs," as used in this clause, means those agency costs that result directly from developing and implementing the VECP, such as any net increases in the cost of testing, operations, maintenance, and logistics support. The term does not include the normal administrative costs of processing the VECP or any increase in this contract's cost or price resulting from negative instant contract savings.

"Instant contract," as used in this clause, means this contract, under which the VECP is submitted. It does not include increases in quantities after acceptance of the VECP that are due to contract modifications, exercise of options, or additional orders. If this is a multiyear contract, the term does not include quantities funded after VECP acceptance. If this contract is a fixed-price contract with prospective price redetermination, the term refers to the period for which firm prices have been established.

"Instant unit cost reduction" means the amount of the decrease in unit cost of performance (without deducting any Contractor's development or implementation costs) resulting from using the VECP on this, the instant contract. If this is a service contract, the instant unit cost reduction is normally equal to the number of hours per line-item task saved by using the VECP on this contract, multiplied by the appropriate contract labor rate.

"Negative instant contract savings" means the increase in the cost or price of this contract when the acceptance of a VECP results in an excess of the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs over the product of the instant unit cost reduction multiplied by the number of instant contract units affected.

"Net acquisition savings" means total acquisition savings, including instant, concurrent, and future contract savings, less Government costs.

"Sharing base," as used in this clause, means the number of affected end items on contracts of the contracting office accepting the VECP.

Sharing period, as used in this clause, means the period beginning with acceptance of the first unit incorporating the VECP and ending at a calendar date or event determined by the contracting officer for each VECP.

"Unit," as used in this clause, means the item or task to which the Contracting Officer and the Contractor agree the VECP applies.

"Value engineering change proposal (VECP)" means a proposal that--

(1) Requires a change to this, the instant contract, to implement; and

(2) Results in reducing the overall projected cost to the agency without impairing essential functions or characteristics; provided, that it does not involve a change--

(i) In deliverable end item quantities only;

(ii) In research and development (R&D) end items or R&D test quantities that is due solely to results of previous testing under this contract; or

(iii) To the contract type only.

(c) VECP preparation. As a minimum, the Contractor shall include in each VECP the information described in subparagraphs (1) through (8) below. If the proposed change is affected by contractually required configuration management or similar procedures, the instructions in those procedures relating to format, identification, and priority assignment shall govern VECP preparation. The VECP shall include the following:

(1) A description of the difference between the existing contract requirement and the proposed requirement, the comparative advantages and disadvantages of each, a justification when an item's function or characteristics are being altered, the effect of the change on the end item's performance, and any pertinent objective test data.

(2) A list and analysis of the contract requirements that must be changed if the VECP is accepted, including any suggested specification revisions.

(3) Identification of the unit to which the VECP applies.

(4) A separate, detailed cost estimate for (i) the affected portions of the existing contract requirement and (ii) the VECP. The cost reduction associated with the VECP shall take into account the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs, including any amount attributable to subcontracts under the Subcontracts paragraph of this clause, below.

(5) A description and estimate of costs the Government may incur in implementing the VECP, such as test and evaluation and operating and support costs.

(6) A prediction of any effects the proposed change would have on collateral costs to the agency.

(7) A statement of the time by which a contract modification accepting the VECP must be issued in order to achieve the maximum cost reduction, noting any effect on the contract completion time or delivery schedule.

(8) Identification of any previous submissions of the VECP, including the dates submitted, the agencies and contract numbers involved, and previous Government actions, if known.

(d) Submission. The Contractor shall submit VECP's to the Contracting Officer, unless this contract states otherwise. If this contract is administered by other than the contracting office, the Contractor shall submit a copy of the VECP simultaneously to the Contracting Officer and to the Administrative Contracting Officer.

(e) Government action. (1) The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor of the status of the VECP within 45 calendar days after the contracting office receives it. If additional time is required, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor within the 45-day period and provide the reason for the delay and the expected date of the decision. The Government will process VECP's expeditiously; however, it shall not be liable for any delay in acting upon a VECP.

(2) If the VECP is not accepted, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor in writing, explaining the reasons for rejection. The Contractor may withdraw any VECP, in whole or in part, at any time before it is accepted by the Government. The Contracting Officer may require that the Contractor provide written notification before undertaking significant expenditures for VECP effort.

(3) Any VECP may be accepted, in whole or in part, by the Contracting Officer's award of a modification to this contract citing this clause and made either before or within a reasonable time after contract performance is completed. Until such a contract modification applies a VECP to this contract, the Contractor shall perform in accordance with the existing contract. The decision to accept or reject all or part of any VECP is a unilateral decision made solely at the discretion of the Contracting Officer.

(f) Sharing rates. If a VECP is accepted, the Contractor shall share in net acquisition savings according to the percentages shown in the table below. The percentage paid the Contractor depends upon (1) this contract's type (fixed-price, incentive, or cost-reimbursement), (2) the sharing arrangement specified in paragraph (a) above (incentive, program requirement, or a combination as delineated in the Schedule), and (3) the source of the savings (the instant contract, or concurrent and future contracts), as follows:

CONTRACTOR'S SHARE OF NET ACQUISITION SAVINGS

(Figures in percent)

Contract Type	Incentive (Voluntary)		Program Requirement (Mandatory)	
	Instant Contract Rate	Concurrent and Future Contract Rate	Instant Contract Rate	Concurrent and Future Contract Rate
Fixed-price (includes fixed-price-award-fee; excludes other fixed-price incentive contracts)	* 50	* 50	* 25	25
Incentive (fixed-price or cost) (other than award fee)	(**)	* 50	(**)	25
Cost-reimbursement (includes cost-plus-award-fee; excludes other cost-type incentive Contracts)	*** 25	*** 25	15	15

* The Contracting Officer may increase the Contractor's sharing rate to as high as 75 percent for each VECP.

** Same sharing arrangement as the contract's profit or fee adjustment formula.

*** The Contracting Officer may increase the Contractor's sharing rate to as high as 50 percent for each VECP.

(g) Calculating net acquisition savings.

(1) Acquisition savings are realized when (i) the cost or price is reduced on the instant contract, (ii) reductions are negotiated in concurrent contracts, (iii) future contracts are awarded, or (iv) agreement is reached on a lump-sum payment for future contract savings (see subparagraph (i)(4) below). Net acquisition savings are first realized, and the Contractor shall be paid a share, when Government costs and any negative instant contract savings have been fully offset against acquisition savings.

(2) Except in incentive contracts, Government costs and any price or cost increases resulting from negative instant contract savings shall be offset against acquisition savings each time such savings are realized until they are fully offset. Then, the Contractor's share is calculated by multiplying net acquisition savings by the appropriate Contractor's percentage sharing rate (see paragraph (f) above). Additional Contractor shares of net acquisition savings shall be paid to the Contractor at the time realized.

(3) If this is an incentive contract, recovery of Government costs on the instant contract shall be deferred and offset against concurrent and future contract savings. The Contractor shall share through the contract incentive structure in savings on the instant contract items affected. Any negative instant contract savings shall be added to the target cost or to the target price and ceiling price, and the amount shall be offset against concurrent and future contract savings.

(4) If the Government does not receive and accept all items on which it paid the Contractor's share, the Contractor shall reimburse the Government for the proportionate share of these payments.

(h) Contract adjustment. The modification accepting the VECP (or a subsequent modification issued as soon as possible after any negotiations are completed) shall--

(1) Reduce the contract price or estimated cost by the amount of instant contract savings, unless this is an incentive contract;

(2) When the amount of instant contract savings is negative, increase the contract price, target price and ceiling price, target cost, or estimated cost by that amount;

(3) Specify the Contractor's dollar share per unit on future contracts, or provide the lump-sum payment;

(4) Specify the amount of any Government costs or negative instant contract savings to be offset in determining net acquisition savings realized from concurrent or future contract savings; and

(5) Provide the Contractor's share of any net acquisition savings under the instant contract in accordance with the following:

(i) Fixed-price contracts--add to contract price.

(ii) Cost-reimbursement contracts--add to contract fee.

(i) Concurrent and future contract savings.

(1) Payments of the Contractor's share of concurrent and future contract savings shall be made by a modification to the instant contract in accordance with subparagraph (h)(5) above. For incentive contracts, shares shall be added as a separate firm-fixed-price line item on the instant contract. The Contractor shall maintain records adequate to identify the first delivered unit for 3 years after final payment under this contract.

(2) The Contracting Officer shall calculate the Contractor's share of concurrent contract savings by (i) subtracting from the reduction in price negotiated on the concurrent contract any Government costs or negative instant contract savings not yet offset and (ii) multiplying the result by the Contractor's sharing rate.

(3) The Contracting Officer shall calculate the Contractor's share of future contract savings by (i) multiplying the future unit cost reduction by the number of future contract units scheduled for delivery during the sharing period, (ii)

subtracting any Government costs or negative instant contract savings not yet offset, and (iii) multiplying the result by the Contractor's sharing rate.

(4) When the Government wishes and the Contractor agrees, the Contractor's share of future contract savings may be paid in a single lump sum rather than in a series of payments over time as future contracts are awarded. Under this alternate procedure, the future contract savings may be calculated when the VECP is accepted, on the basis of the Contracting Officer's forecast of the number of units that will be delivered during the sharing period. The Contractor's share shall be included in a modification to this contract (see subparagraph (h)(3) above) and shall not be subject to subsequent adjustment.

(5) Alternate no-cost settlement method. When, in accordance with subsection 48.104-4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, the Government and the Contractor mutually agree to use the no-cost settlement method, the following applies:

(i) The Contractor will keep all the savings on the instant contract and on its concurrent contracts only.

(ii) The Government will keep all the savings resulting from concurrent contracts placed on other sources, savings from all future contracts, and all collateral savings.

(j) Collateral savings. If a VECP is accepted, the Contracting Officer will increase the instant contract amount, as specified in paragraph (h)(5) of this clause, by a rate from 20 to 100 percent, as determined by the Contracting Officer, of any projected collateral savings determined to be realized in a typical year of use after subtracting any Government costs not previously offset. However, the Contractor's share of collateral savings will not exceed the contract's firm-fixed-price, target price, target cost, or estimated cost, at the time the VECP is accepted, or \$100,000, whichever is greater. The Contracting Officer will be the sole determiner of the amount of collateral savings.

(k) Relationship to other incentives. Only those benefits of an accepted VECP not rewardable under performance, design-to-cost (production unit cost, operating and support costs, reliability and maintainability), or similar incentives shall be rewarded under this clause. However, the targets of such incentives affected by the VECP shall not be adjusted because of VECP acceptance. If this contract specifies targets but provides no incentive to surpass them, the value engineering sharing shall apply only to the amount of achievement better than target.

(l) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include an appropriate value engineering clause in any subcontract of \$100,000 or more and may include one in subcontracts of lesser value. In calculating any adjustment in this contract's price for instant contract savings (or negative instant contract savings), the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs shall include any subcontractor's allowable development and implementation costs, and any value engineering incentive payments to a subcontractor, clearly resulting from a VECP accepted by the Government under this contract. The Contractor may choose any arrangement for subcontractor value engineering incentive payments; provided, that the payments shall not reduce the Government's share of concurrent or future contract savings or collateral savings.

(m) Data. The Contractor may restrict the Government's right to use any part of a VECP or the supporting data by marking the following legend on the affected parts:

"These data, furnished under the Value Engineering clause of contract , shall not be disclosed outside the Government or duplicated, used, or disclosed, in whole or in part, for any purpose other than to evaluate a value engineering change proposal submitted under the clause. This restriction does not limit the Government's right to use information contained in these data if it has been obtained or is otherwise available from the Contractor or from another source without limitations."

If a VECP is accepted, the Contractor hereby grants the Government unlimited rights in the VECP and supporting data, except that, with respect to data qualifying and submitted as limited rights technical data, the Government shall have the rights specified in the contract modification implementing the VECP and shall appropriately mark the data. (The terms "unlimited rights" and "limited rights" are defined in Part 27 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.)

(End of clause)

52.252-2 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

<http://FARSITE.HILL.AF.MIL/>

52.252-6 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN CLAUSES (APR 1984)

(a) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the clause.

(b) The use in this solicitation or contract of any _____ (48 CFR _____) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the name of the regulation.

CONTRACTING OFFICER'S REPRESENTATIVE (COR) (JUN 1996) (NSWCCD)

(a) The COR for this contract is:

Name: Renzo Munno

Mailing Address: Naval Surface Warfare Center Carderock Division, 5001 S. Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa 19112-1403

Code: 9163

Telephone No.: 215-897-7983

(b) The COR will act as the Contracting Officer's representative for technical matters, providing technical direction and discussion, as necessary, with respect to the specification or statement of work, and monitoring the progress and quality of contractor performance. The COR is not an Administrative Contracting Officer and does not have authority to direct the accomplishment of effort which is beyond the scope of the statement of work in the contract (or delivery/task order).

(c) When, in the opinion of the contractor, the COR requests effort outside the existing scope of the contract (or delivery/task order), the contractor shall promptly notify the contracting officer (or ordering officer) in writing. No action shall be taken by the contractor under such direction until the contracting officer has issued a modification to the contract (or in the case of a delivery/task order, until the ordering officer has issued a modification to the delivery/task order); or until the issue has been otherwise resolved.

ISSUANCE OF ORDERS BASED SOLELY ON GOVERNMENT ESTIMATE (MAY 1998) (NSWCCD)

(a) When the Government determines, in circumstances of emergency or exigency, that the need for specific supplies or services is unusually urgent, the Contracting Officer/Ordering Officer may issue an order based solely on the Government estimate, requiring the contractor to provide the supplies or services specified without having an opportunity to review the Government estimate before the order is issued. This type of order shall be a unilaterally priced order under which the requirement to provide supplies or services is subject to either the clause FAR 52.232-20, "Limitation of Cost" or FAR 52.232-22, "Limitation of Funds" applicable to the particular order involved.

(b) The unilaterally priced order shall specify the estimated cost and fee and the desired delivery schedule for the work being ordered. The Government's desired delivery shall apply unless the Contracting Officer/Ordering Officer receives written notification from the Contractor within fifteen (15) days after receipt of the order that the proposed delivery schedule is not acceptable. Such notification shall propose an alternative delivery schedule. The Contractor shall either provide written acceptance of the order or submit its cost proposal within thirty (30) days after receipt of the order. If the contractor provides written acceptance of the order as issued, it shall be considered negotiated and no bilateral modification shall be required.

(c) The contractor shall include in its proposal a statement of costs incurred and an estimate of costs expected to complete the work. Data supporting the accuracy and reliability of the cost estimate should also be included. After submission of the contractor's cost proposal and supporting data, the contractor and the Contracting Officer/Ordering Officer shall negotiate a bilateral modification to the original order finalizing the price and delivery schedule, which will be specified in a bilateral modification to the original order within 60 days after submission of the contractor's proposal.

(d) Should the Government and the contractor be unable to reach an agreement as to the terms of the order, the conflict shall be referred to the Contracting Officer who shall issue such direction as is required by the circumstances. If a bilateral agreement is not negotiated within sixty (60) days after submission of the contractor's cost proposal, the Contracting Officer/Ordering Officer will issue a modification to the unilaterally priced order which establishes the Government's total estimated cost for the order. This price will remain in effect unless the contractor requests the price to be negotiated by submission of a proposal.

(e) Failure to arrive at an agreement shall be considered a dispute in accordance with the clause entitled "Disputes."

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY/INCREMENTAL FUNDING (JUN 1996) (NSWCCD)

(a) This contract is incrementally funded and the amount currently available for payment hereunder is limited to [TBD] inclusive of fee. It is estimated that these funds will cover the cost of performance through [TBD]. Subject to the provisions of the clause FAR 52.232-22, "Limitation of Funds (Apr 1984)" in Section I of this contract, no legal liability on the part of the Government for payment in excess of [TBD] shall arise unless additional funds are made available and are incorporated as a modification to this contract.

(b) If an individual delivery/task order is to be incrementally funded, the provision will be applicable to such delivery/task order and will be completed with the appropriate amounts and date.

SUBSTITUTION OR ADDITION OF KEY PERSONNEL (JUN 1996) (NSWCCD)

(a) The contractor agrees to assign to the contract those persons whose resumes, personnel data forms or personnel qualification statements were submitted as required by Section L of the solicitation to fill the requirements of the contract. No substitutions or additions of personnel shall be made except in accordance with this provision.

(b) The contractor agrees that during the first 180 days of the contract performance period, no personnel substitutions or additions will be permitted unless such substitutions or additions are necessitated by an individual's sudden illness, death or termination of employment. In any of these events, the contractor shall promptly notify the contracting officer and provide the information required by paragraph (d) below.

(c) If personnel for whatever reason become unavailable for work under the contract for a continuous period exceeding thirty (30) working days, or are expected to devote substantially less effort to the work than indicated in the proposal, the contractor shall propose a substitution of such personnel, in accordance with paragraph (d) below.

(d) All proposed substitutions or additions shall be submitted, in writing, to the Contracting Officer at least fifteen (15) days (thirty (30) days if a security clearance must be obtained) prior to the proposed substitution or addition. Each request shall provide a detailed explanation of the circumstances necessitating the proposed substitution or addition, and a complete resume, including annual salary, for the proposed substitute or addition as well as any other information required by the Contracting Officer to approve or disapprove the proposed substitution or addition. All proposed substitutes or additions (no matter when they are proposed during the performance period) shall have qualifications that are equal to or higher than the qualifications of the person being replaced or the average qualifications of the people in the category which is being added to.

(e) In the event a requirement to increase the specified level of effort for a designated labor category, but not the overall level of effort of the contract occurs, the contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer a written request for approval to add personnel to the designated labor category. The information required is the same as that required in paragraph (d) above. The additional personnel shall have qualifications greater than or equal to at least one (1) of the individuals proposed for the designated labor category.

(f) The Contracting Officer shall evaluate requests for substitution and/or addition of personnel and promptly notify the contractor, in writing, of whether the request is approved or disapproved.

(g) If the Contracting Officer determines that suitable and timely replacement of personnel who have been reassigned, terminated or have otherwise become unavailable to perform under the contract is not reasonably forthcoming or that the resultant reduction of productive effort would impair the successful completion of the contract or the delivery/task order, the contract may be terminated by the Contracting Officer for default or for the convenience of the Government, as appropriate. Alternatively, at the Contracting Officer's discretion, if the Contracting Officer finds the contractor to be at fault for the condition, he may equitably adjust (downward) the contract price or fixed fee to compensate the Government for any delay, loss or damage as a result of the contractor's action.

AUTHORIZED CHANGES ONLY BY THE CONTRACTING OFFICER (JUN 1996) (NSWCCD)

(a) Except as specified in paragraph (b) below, no order, statement, or conduct of Government personnel who visit the Contractor's facilities or in any other manner communicates with Contractor personnel during the performance of this contract shall constitute a change under the "Changes" clause of this contract.

(b) The Contractor shall not comply with any order, direction or request of Government personnel unless it is issued in writing and signed by the Contracting Officer, or is pursuant to specific authority otherwise included as a part of this contract.

(c) The Contracting Officer is the only person authorized to approve changes in any of the requirements of this contract and notwithstanding provisions contained elsewhere in this contract, the said authority remains solely the Contracting Officer's. In the event the contractor effects any change at the direction of any person other than the Contracting Officer, the change will be considered to have been made without authority and no adjustment will be made in the contract price to cover any increase in charges incurred as a result thereof. The address and telephone number of the Contracting Officer is:

NAME: Anita Nocton

ADDRESS: Naval Surface Warfare Center Carderock Division, Code 3352, 5001 S. Broad St., Philadelphia, PA 19112-1403

TELEPHONE: 215-897-7388

GOVERNMENT FURNISHED PROPERTY FOR INDEFINITE DELIVERY CONTRACTS (JUN 1996) (NSWCCD)

(a) The Government will furnish the following property to the contractor for use in performance of this contract in accordance with the following schedule:

PROPERTY	QUANTITY	DATE
----------	----------	------

[*]

[*]

[*]

* to be specified in each individual delivery/task order at time of issuance.

(b) The property will be delivered at Government's expense at or near [**]

** The contractor is to insert the address, city or town and state in which plant is located; and if rail transportation is specified in paragraph (a) above, the exact received, as well as the name of the railroad(s).

(c) Only the property listed above in the quantity shown will be furnished by the Government. All other property required for performance of this contract shall be furnished by the contractor.

(d) Within thirty (30) days after Government furnished property is determined by the contractor to be lost, damaged, destroyed, no longer usable, or no longer needed for the performance of the contract, the contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, thereof.

SECTION J List of Documents, Exhibits and Other Attachments

List of Exhibits/Attachments

Exhibit A- Contract Data Requirements List/ DD Form 1423

Exhibit B- Contract Security Classification Specification

Attachment 1- Past Performance Questionnaire

SECTION K Representations, Certifications and Other Statements of Offerors

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

52.203-11	Certification And Disclosure Regarding Payments To Influence Certain Federal Transactions	APR 1991
252.209-7001	Disclosure of Ownership or Control by the Government of a Terrorist Country	MAR 1998
252.209-7003	Compliance With Veterans' Employment Reporting Requirements	MAR 1998

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

52.204-5 WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESS (OTHER THAN SMALL BUSINESS) (MAY 1999)

(a) Definition. Women-owned business concern, as used in this provision, means a concern that is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

(b) Representation. [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and has not represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of FAR 52.219-1, Small Business Program Representations, of this solicitation.] The offeror represents that it () is a women-owned business concern.

(End of provision)

52.209-5 CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, PROPOSED DEBARMENT, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (APR 2001)

(a)(1) The Offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that--

(i) The Offeror and/or any of its Principals--

(A) Are () are not () presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;

(B) Have () have not (), within the three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, or receiving stolen property;

(C) Are () are not () presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(1)(i)(B) of this provision; and

(D) Have () have not (), within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, or receiving stolen property; and

(E) Are () are not () presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(1)(i)(D) of this provision.

(ii)(A) The offeror, aside from the offenses enumerated in paragraphs (a)(1)(i)(A), (B), and (C) of this provision, has () has not () within the past three years, relative to tax, labor and employment, environmental, antitrust, or consumer protection laws--

(1) Been convicted of a Federal or state felony (or has any Federal or state felony indictments currently pending against them); or

(2) Had a Federal court judgment in a civil case brought by the United States rendered against them; or

(3) Had an adverse decision by a Federal administrative law judge, board, or commission indicating a willful violation of law.

(B) If the offeror has responded affirmatively, the offeror shall provide additional information if requested by the Contracting Officer; and

(iii) The Offeror has () has not (), within a three-year period preceding this offer, had one or more contracts terminated for default by any Federal agency.

(2) "Principals," for the purposes of this certification, means officers; directors; owners; partners; and, persons having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a subsidiary, division, or business segment, and similar positions).

THIS CERTIFICATION CONCERNS A MATTER WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF AN AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE MAKING OF A FALSE, FICTITIOUS, OR FRAUDULENT CERTIFICATION MAY RENDER THE MAKER SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION UNDER SECTION 1001, TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.

(b) The Offeror shall provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the Offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

(c) A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this solicitation. However, the certification will be considered in connection with a determination of the Offeror's responsibility. Failure of the Offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the Offeror nonresponsible.

(d) Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by paragraph (a) of this provision. The knowledge and information of an Offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

(e) The certification in paragraph (a) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the Offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this solicitation for default.

(End of provision)

52.215-6 PLACE OF PERFORMANCE (OCT 1997)

(a) The offeror or respondent, in the performance of any contract resulting from this solicitation, () intends, () does not intend [check applicable block] to use one or more plants or facilities located at a different address from the

address of the offeror or respondent as indicated in this proposal or response to request for information.

(b) If the offeror or respondent checks “intends” in paragraph (a) of this provision, it shall insert in the following spaces the required information:

 Place of performance (street Name and address of owner and
 address, city, state, county, zip operator of the plant or facility
 if other than offeror or respondent

52.219-1 SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REPRESENTATIONS (MAY 2001) ALTERNATE I (OCT 2000) & ALTERNATE II (OCT 2000)

(a)(1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is 541330.

(2) The small business size standard is \$13,500,000.00.

(3) The small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, other than on a construction or service contract, but which proposes to furnish a product which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.

(b) Representations. (1) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it () is, () is not a small business concern.

(2) (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents, for general statistical purposes, that it () is, () is not a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.

(3) (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it () is, () is not a women-owned small business concern.

(4) (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it () is, () is not a veteran-owned small business concern.

(5) (Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (b)(4) of this provision.) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it () is, () is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.

(6) (Complete only if offeror represented itself as small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision). The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that--

(i) It () is, () is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material change in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage has occurred since it was certified by the Small Business Administration in accordance with 13 CFR Part 126; and

(ii) It () is, () is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR Part 126, and the representation in paragraph (b)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate for the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture. (The offeror shall enter the name or names of the HUBZone small business

concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture: _____.) Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.

(7) (Complete if offeror represented itself as disadvantaged in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision.) The offeror shall check the category in which its ownership falls:

() Black American.

() Hispanic American.

() Native American (American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians).

() Asian-Pacific American (persons with origins from Burma, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, Brunei, Japan, China, Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Vietnam, Korea, The Philippines, U.S. Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (Republic of Palau), Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Samoa, Macao, Hong Kong, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Tuvalu, or Nauru).

() Subcontinent Asian (Asian-Indian) American (persons with origins from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, or Nepal).

(c) Definitions. As used in this provision--

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern--

(1) Means a small business concern--

(i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and

(ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.

(2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

Small business concern means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (a) of this provision.

Veteran-owned small business concern means a small business concern--

(1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and

(2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

Women-owned small business concern means a small business concern --

(1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and

(2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

(d) Notice.

(1) If this solicitation is for supplies and has been set aside, in whole or in part, for small business concerns, then the clause in this solicitation providing notice of the set-aside contains restrictions on the source of the end items to be furnished.

(2) Under 15 U.S.C. 645(d), any person who misrepresents a firm's status as a small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, or women-owned small business concern in order to obtain a contract to be awarded under the preference programs established pursuant to section 8(a), 8(d), 9, or 15 of the Small Business Act or any other provision of Federal law that specifically references section 8(d) for a definition of program eligibility, shall--

(i) Be punished by imposition of fine, imprisonment, or both;

(ii) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and

(iii) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Act.

(End of provision)

52.219-22 SMALL DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS STATUS (OCT 1999)

(a) General. This provision is used to assess an offeror's small disadvantaged business status for the purpose of obtaining a benefit on this solicitation. Status as a small business and status as a small disadvantaged business for general statistical purposes is covered by the provision at FAR 52.219-1, Small Business Program Representation.

(b) Representations.

(1) General. The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it is a small business under the size standard applicable to this acquisition; and either--

___ (i) It has received certification by the Small Business Administration as a small disadvantaged business concern consistent with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B; and

(A) No material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification;

(B) Where the concern is owned by one or more disadvantaged individuals, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and

(C) It is identified, on the date of this representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business concern in the database maintained by the Small Business Administration(PRO0Net); or

___ (ii) It has submitted a completed application to the Small Business Administration or a Private Certifier to be certified as a small disadvantaged business concern in accordance with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B, and a decision on that application is pending, and that no material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its application was submitted.

(2)___ For Joint Ventures. The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it is a joint venture that complies with the requirements at 13 CFR 124.1002(f) and that the representation in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision is accurate for the small disadvantaged business concern that is participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name of the small disadvantaged business concern that is participating in the joint venture: _____.]

(c) Penalties and Remedies. Anyone who misrepresents any aspects of the disadvantaged status of a concern for the purposes of securing a contract or subcontract shall:

- (1) Be punished by imposition of a fine, imprisonment, or both;
- (2) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and
- (3) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Small Business Act.

(End of provision)

52.222-22 PREVIOUS CONTRACTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS (FEB 1999)

The offeror represents that --

- (a) ☐ It has, ☐ has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation;
- (b) ☐ It has, ☐ has not, filed all required compliance reports; and
- (c) Representations indicating submission of required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be obtained before subcontract awards.

(End of provision)

52.222-25 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION COMPLIANCE (APR 1984)

The offeror represents that

- (a) ☐ it has developed and has on file, ☐ has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1 and 60-2), or
- (b) ☐ has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

(End of provision)

52.223-13 CERTIFICATION OF TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING (OCT 2000)

- (a) Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by Executive Order 12969, August 8, 1995.

- (b) By signing this offer, the offeror certifies that--

(1) As the owner or operator of facilities that will be used in the performance of this contract that are subject to the filing and reporting requirements described in section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) (42 U.S.C. 11023) and section 6607 of the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (PPA) (42 U.S.C. 13106), the offeror will file and continue to file for such facilities for the life of the contract the Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form (Form R) as described in sections 313(a) and (g) of EPCRA and section 6607 of PPA; or

(2) None of its owned or operated facilities to be used in the performance of this contract is subject to the Form R filing and reporting requirements because each such facility is exempt for at least one of the following reasons:
(Check each block that is applicable.)

☐ (i) The facility does not manufacture, process or otherwise use any toxic chemicals listed under section 313(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(c);

☐ (ii) The facility does not have 10 or more full-time employees as specified in section 313.(b)(1)(A) of EPCRA 42 U.S.C. 11023(b)(1)(A);

☐ (iii) The facility does not meet the reporting thresholds of toxic chemicals established under section 313(f) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(f) (including the alternate thresholds at 40 CFR 372.27, provided an appropriate certification form has been filed with EPA);

☐ (iv) The facility does not fall within Standard Industrial Classification Code (SIC) major groups 20 through 39 or their corresponding North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) sectors 31 through 33; or

☐ (v) The facility is not located within any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, or any other territory or possession over which the United States has jurisdiction.

52.230-1 COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOTICES AND CERTIFICATION (JUN 2000)

Note: This notice does not apply to small businesses or foreign governments. This notice is in three parts, identified by Roman numerals I through III.

Offerors shall examine each part and provide the requested information in order to determine Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) requirements applicable to any resultant contract.

If the offeror is an educational institution, Part II does not apply unless the contemplated contract will be subject to full or modified CAS coverage pursuant to 48 CFR 9903.201-2(c)(5) or 9903.201-2(c)(6), respectively.

I. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT--COST ACCOUNTING PRACTICES AND CERTIFICATION

(a) Any contract in excess of \$500,000 resulting from this solicitation will be subject to the requirements of the Cost Accounting Standards Board (48 CFR Chapter 99), except for those contracts which are exempt as specified in 48 CFR 9903.201-1.

(b) Any offeror submitting a proposal which, if accepted, will result in a contract subject to the requirements of 48 CFR Chapter 99 must, as a condition of contracting, submit a Disclosure Statement as required by 48 CFR 9903.202. When required, the Disclosure Statement must be submitted as a part of the offeror's proposal under this solicitation unless the offeror has already submitted a Disclosure Statement disclosing the practices used in connection with the pricing of this proposal. If an applicable Disclosure Statement has already been submitted, the offeror may satisfy the requirement for submission by providing the information requested in paragraph (c) of Part I of this provision.

CAUTION: In the absence of specific regulations or agreement, a practice disclosed in a Disclosure Statement shall not, by virtue of such disclosure, be deemed to be a proper, approved, or agreed-to practice for pricing proposals or accumulating and reporting contract performance cost data.

(c) Check the appropriate box below:

(1) Certificate of Concurrent Submission of Disclosure Statement.

The offeror hereby certifies that, as a part of the offer, copies of the Disclosure Statement have been submitted as follows: (i) original and one copy to the cognizant Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) or cognizant Federal agency official authorized to act in that capacity (Federal official), as applicable, and (ii) one copy to the cognizant Federal auditor.

(Disclosure must be on Form No. CASB DS-1 or CASB DS-2, as applicable. Forms may be obtained from the cognizant ACO or Federal official and/or from the loose-leaf version of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.)

Date of Disclosure Statement: _____ Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official Where Filed: _____

The offeror further certifies that the practices used in estimating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the cost accounting practices disclosed in the Disclosure Statement.

(2) Certificate of Previously Submitted Disclosure Statement.

The offeror hereby certifies that the required Disclosure Statement was filed as follows:

Date of Disclosure Statement: _____ Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official Where Filed: _____

The offeror further certifies that the practices used in estimating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the cost accounting practices disclosed in the applicable Disclosure Statement.

(3) Certificate of Monetary Exemption.

The offeror hereby certifies that the offeror, together with all divisions, subsidiaries, and affiliates under common control, did not receive net awards of negotiated prime contracts and subcontracts subject to CAS totaling more than \$50 million (of which at least one award exceeded \$1 million) in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

(4) Certificate of Interim Exemption.

The offeror hereby certifies that (i) the offeror first exceeded the monetary exemption for disclosure, as defined in (3) of this subsection, in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this offer was submitted and (ii) in accordance with 48 CFR 9903.202-1, the offeror is not yet required to submit a Disclosure Statement. The offeror further certifies that if an award resulting from this proposal has not been made within 90 days after the end of that period, the offeror will immediately submit a revised certificate to the Contracting Officer, in the form specified under subparagraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) of Part I of this provision, as appropriate, to verify submission of a completed Disclosure Statement.

CAUTION: Offerors currently required to disclose because they were awarded a CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more in the current cost accounting period may not claim this exemption (4). Further, the exemption applies only in connection with proposals submitted before expiration of the 90-day period following the cost accounting period in which the monetary exemption was exceeded.

II. COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS--ELIGIBILITY FOR MODIFIED CONTRACT COVERAGE

If the offeror is eligible to use the modified provisions of 48 CFR 9903.201-2(b) and elects to do so, the offeror shall indicate by checking the box below. Checking the box below shall mean that the resultant contract is subject to the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause in lieu of the Cost Accounting Standards clause.

() The offeror hereby claims an exemption from the Cost Accounting Standards clause under the provisions of 48 CFR 9903.201-2(b) and certifies that the offeror is eligible for use of the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause because during the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted, the offeror received less than \$50 million in awards of CAS-covered prime contracts and subcontracts. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

CAUTION: An offeror may not claim the above eligibility for modified contract coverage if this proposal is expected to result in the award of a CAS-covered contract of \$50 million or more or if, during its current cost accounting period, the offeror has been awarded a single CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$25 million or more.

III. ADDITIONAL COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO EXISTING CONTRACTS

The offeror shall indicate below whether award of the contemplated contract would, in accordance with subparagraph (a)(3) of the Cost Accounting Standards clause, require a change in established cost accounting practices affecting existing contracts and subcontracts.

() YES () NO

(End of clause)

252.209-7002 DISCLOSURE OF OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL BY A FOREIGN GOVERNMENT (SEP 1994)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision--

(1) "Entity controlled by a foreign government" means--

(i) Any domestic or foreign organization or corporation that is effectively owned or controlled by a foreign government; or

(ii) Any individual acting on behalf of a foreign government.

(2) "Effectively owned or controlled" means that a foreign government or any entity controlled by a foreign government has the power, either directly or indirectly, whether exercised or exercisable, to control or influence the election or appointment of the Offeror's officers, directors, partners, regents, trustees, or a majority of the Offeror's board of directors by means, e.g., ownership, contract, or operation of law.

(3) "Foreign government" means any governing body organized and existing under the laws of any country other than the United States and its possessions and trust territories and any agent or instrumentality of that government.

(4) "Proscribed information" means--

(i) Top Secret information;

(ii) Communications Security (COMSEC) information, except classified keys used to operate secure telephone units (STU IIs);

(iii) Restricted Data as defined in the U.S. Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended;

(iv) Special Access Program (SAP) information; or

(v) Sensitive Compartmental Information (SCI).

(b) Prohibition on award. No contract under a national security program may be awarded to a company owned by an entity controlled by a foreign government if that company requires access to proscribed information to perform the contract, unless the Secretary of Defense or designee has waived application of 10 U.S.C.2536(a).

(c) Disclosure.

The Offeror shall disclose any interest a foreign government has in the Offeror when that interest constitutes control by a foreign government as defined in this provision. If the Offeror is a subsidiary, it shall also disclose any reportable interest a foreign government has in any entity that owns or controls the subsidiary, including reportable

interest concerning the Offeror's immediate parent, intermediate parents, and the ultimate parent. Use separate paper as needed, and provide the information in the following format:

Offeror's Point of Contact for Questions about Disclosure

(Name and Phone Number with Country Code, City Code and Area Code, as applicable)

Name and Address of Offeror

Name and Address of Entity

Description of Interest, Controlled by a Foreign
Ownership Percentage, and

Government Identification of Foreign Government

(End of provision)

252.225-7000 BUY AMERICAN ACT--BALANCE OF PAYMENTS PROGRAM CERTIFICATE
(SEP 1999)

(a) Definitions. Domestic end product, qualifying country, qualifying country end product, and qualifying country end product have the meanings given in the Buy American Act and Balance of Payments Program clause of this solicitation.

(b) Evaluation. Offers will be evaluated by giving preference to domestic end products and qualifying country end products over nonqualifying country end products.

(c) Certifications. (1) The Offeror certifies that--

(i) Each end product, except those listed in paragraphs (c) (2) or (3) of this provision, is a domestic end product; and

(ii) Components of unknown origin are considered to have been mined, produced, or manufactured outside the United States or a qualifying country.

(2) The Offeror certifies that the following end products are qualifying country end products:

Qualifying Country End Products

Line Item Number

Country of Origin

(List only qualifying country end products.)

(3) The Offeror certifies that the following end products are nonqualifying country end products:

Nonqualifying Country End Products

Line Item Number

Country of Origin (If known)

(End of provision)

252.247-7022 REPRESENTATION OF EXTENT OF TRANSPORTATION BY SEA (AUG 1992)

(a) The Offeror shall indicate by checking the appropriate blank in paragraph (b) of this provision whether transportation of supplies by sea is anticipated under the resultant contract. The term supplies is defined in the Transportation of Supplies by Sea clause of this solicitation.

(b) Representation. The Offeror represents that it:

____ (1) Does anticipate that supplies will be transported by sea in the performance of any contract or subcontract resulting from this solicitation.

____ (2) Does not anticipate that supplies will be transported by sea in the performance of any contract or subcontract resulting from this solicitation.

(c) Any contract resulting from this solicitation will include the Transportation of Supplies by Sea clause. If the Offeror represents that it will not use ocean transportation, the resulting contract will also include the Defense FAR Supplement clause at 252.247-7024, Notification of Transportation of Supplies by Sea.

(End of provision)

ELECTRONIC DISTRIBUTION OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS (NOV 2000)

(a) The Navy Air Force Interface (NAFI) provides World Wide Web access to documents used to support the procurement, contract administration, bill paying, and accounting processes. NAFI is being used by the Naval Surface Warfare Center, Carderock Division to electronically distribute all contract award and contract modification documents, including task and delivery orders. The contractor's copy will be provided in portable document format (pdf) as an attachment to an e-mail that will be sent to the contractor by the NAFI system. A pdf file may be accessed using Adobe Acrobat Reader which is a free software that may be downloaded at <http://www.adobe.com/products/acrobat/readstep.html>.

(b) Offerors must provide the following information that will be used to make electronic distribution for any resultant contract.

Name of Point of Contact _____

Phone Number for Point of Contact _____

E-mail Address for Receipt of Electronic Distribution _____

SECTION L Instructions, Conditions and Notices to Bidders

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

52.204-6	Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number	JUN 1999
52.214-34	Submission Of Offers In The English Language	APR 1991
52.214-35	Submission Of Offers In U.S. Currency	APR 1991
52.215-1	Instructions to Offerors--Competitive Acquisition	MAY 2001
52.215-16	Facilities Capital Cost of Money	OCT 1997
52.216-27	Single or Multiple Awards	OCT 1995
52.222-24	Preaward On-Site Equal Opportunity Compliance Evaluation	FEB 1999
52.222-46	Evaluation Of Compensation For Professional Employees	FEB 1993
252.227-7017	Identification and Assertion of Use, Release, or Disclosure Restrictions	JUN 1995
252.227-7028	Technical Data or Computer Software Previously Delivered to the Government	JUN 1995

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

52.215-20 REQUIREMENTS FOR COST OR PRICING DATA OR INFORMATION OTHER THAN COST OR PRICING DATA (OCT 1997)

(a) Exceptions from cost or pricing data. (1) In lieu of submitting cost or pricing data, offerors may submit a written request for exception by submitting the information described in the following subparagraphs. The Contracting Officer may require additional supporting information, but only to the extent necessary to determine whether an exception should be granted, and whether the price is fair and reasonable.

(i) Identification of the law or regulation establishing the price offered. If the price is controlled under law by periodic rulings, reviews, or similar actions of a governmental body, attach a copy of the controlling document, unless it was previously submitted to the contracting office.

(ii) Commercial item exception. For a commercial item exception, the offeror shall submit, at a minimum, information on prices at which the same item or similar items have previously been sold in the commercial market that is adequate for evaluating the reasonableness of the price for this acquisition. Such information may include--

(A) For catalog items, a copy of or identification of the catalog and its date, or the appropriate pages for the offered items, or a statement that the catalog is on file in the buying office to which the proposal is being submitted. Provide a copy or describe current discount policies and price lists (published or unpublished), e.g., wholesale, original equipment manufacturer, or reseller. Also explain the basis of each offered price and its relationship to the established catalog price, including how the proposed price relates to the price of recent sales in quantities similar to the proposed quantities;

(B) For market-priced items, the source and date or period of the market quotation or other basis for market price, the base amount, and applicable discounts. In addition, describe the nature of the market;

(C) For items included on an active Federal Supply Service Multiple Award Schedule contract, proof that an exception has been granted for the schedule item.

(2) The offeror grants the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative the right to examine, at any time before award, books, records, documents, or other directly pertinent records to verify any request for an exception

under this provision, and the reasonableness of price. For items priced using catalog or market prices, or law or regulation, access does not extend to cost or profit information or other data relevant solely to the offeror's determination of the prices to be offered in the catalog or marketplace.

(b) Requirements for cost or pricing data. If the offeror is not granted an exception from the requirement to submit cost or pricing data, the following applies:

(1) The offeror shall prepare and submit cost or pricing data and supporting attachments in accordance with Table 15-2 of FAR 15.408.

As soon as practicable after agreement on price, but before contract award (except for unpriced actions such as letter contracts), the offeror shall submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, as prescribed by FAR 15.406-2.

(End of provision)

52.216-1 TYPE OF CONTRACT (APR 1984)

The Government contemplates award of a Cost Plus Fixed Fee, Indefinite Quantity, Indefinite Delivery contract resulting from this solicitation.

(End of clause)

52.233-2 SERVICE OF PROTEST (AUG 1996)

(a) Protests, as defined in section 33.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, that are filed directly with an agency, and copies of any protests that are filed with the General Accounting Office (GAO), shall be served on the Contracting Officer (addressed as follows) by obtaining written and dated acknowledgment of receipt from

NAME: Anita Nocton

ADDRESS: Naval Surface Warfare Center Carderock Division, Code 3352, 5001 S. Broad St., Philadelphia, PA 19112-1403

TELEPHONE: 215-897-7388

(b) The copy of any protest shall be received in the office designated above within one day of filing a protest with the GAO.

(End of provision)

52.252-1 SOLICITATION PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text of those provisions, the offeror may identify the provision by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

<http://FARSITE.HILL.AF.MIL/>

52.252-5 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN PROVISIONS (APR 1984)

(a) The use in this solicitation of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the provision.

(b) The use in this solicitation of any _____ (48 CFR Chapter _____) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the name of the regulation.

SELECTED COST DATA FOR INDEFINITE DELIVERY CONTRACTS (JUN 1996) (NSWCCD)

To assist the Government in determining cost reasonableness/realism for this effort, it is required that you provide enough detailed cost information with your offer to make this determination. In preparing your cost proposal, it is essential that you breakout and identify separately for each year of the contract, the following types of cost elements listed below. The following is only an example of the various types of cost elements which may be applicable but not necessarily limited to:

(a) **DIRECT LABOR** - Identify the various labor categories intended for use under this contract including the number of labor hours, labor rates, and total cost for each labor category proposed for each year of the contract. The labor specified under this category shall only be for the prime contractor's direct labor and shall not include any subcontracted labor. (See subcontracted labor below).

(b) **FRINGE BENEFITS** - If applicable and in accordance with your normal accounting procedures, identify the fringe benefit rate(s) and total fringe benefit cost being proposed and identify the cost elements for which the fringe benefit rate is being applied.

(c) **OVERHEAD** - Identify the current and/or projected overhead rate(s) and total overhead cost being proposed under this solicitation and identify the various cost elements for which overhead is being applied.

(d) **SUBCONTRACTING LABOR** - Identify (if applicable), any proposed subcontracting labor intended for use under this contract. Identify the labor categories for which subcontracting is being proposed and include the subcontractor's direct labor rates, number of hours proposed for each labor category, fringe benefits, overhead, G&A, fee, etc., that has been submitted by the subcontractor to the prime contractor for consideration under this contract.

(e) **OTHER** - (1) Direct Cost - Identify any other direct cost elements being proposed which are not included above but are applicable to your cost proposal, e.g., royalties, Facilities Capital Cost of Money, special tooling, travel, computer usage, etc. Include the basis for the proposed amount. (2) Indirect cost - Identify any other indirect cost element being proposed which has not been included above and identify the various cost elements for which the rate is applied.

(f) **GENERAL & ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE** - Identify the G&A rate(s) and the total G&A cost proposed and identify the various cost elements for which the G&A is being applied.

(g) **FEE** - Identify the fee rate and total amount proposed and identify the various cost elements for which the fee is being applied.

RESUME REQUIREMENTS (JUN 1996) (NSWCCD)

(a) The following information must be provided in the cost proposal, by lot or option, for each resume required to be submitted in the technical proposal:

- (1) estimated annual salary;
- (2) total estimated annual hours;
- (3) total estimated hour to be worked under the proposed contract.

Failure to provide this information may impact the Government's evaluation of contractors' proposals. If this information is proprietary to subcontractors, it may be provided under separate cover; however, it must be easily identifiable and readily combined with the rest of the proposal.

PROPOSAL PREPARATION REQUIREMENT

It is requested that offerors prepare their proposals in accordance with the following organization, content and format requirements to assist the government in making a complete and thorough evaluation of all proposal. Proposals shall be submitted as three separate documents, as follows:

Documents	Original Copies	
Solicitation, Offer and Award Document (SF-33)	1	2
Technical Proposal	1	4
Cost Proposal	1	3

The "originals" shall be clearly identified as the "ORIGINAL", and bear the original signature(s) of the offeror. The "copies" shall be complete and clearly identified as "COPY" or "DUPLICATE".

In order to facilitate the evaluation process, it is requested that offerors also submit their cost proposal spreadsheets on diskette (in addition to the hard copy requirements stated above). Diskettes shall be in 3.5 inch, high density format, and it is requested that the spreadsheet files be compatible with Windows 95 Version 4.0, Excel 97 Version 8.0. The provision of these spreadsheet files on diskette in no way relinquishes the offerors responsibility to provide hard copies of the cost proposal.

(1) SOLICITATION, OFFER AND AWARD DOCUMENTS (SF-33 RFP)

This document, which may be used as part of the contract award document, shall be fully executed and returned as a separate document from the technical and cost proposals. Special attention should be taken to accurately enter the prices required in Section B, complete all Representations and Certifications in Section K and ensure that an authorized person signs the offer in Block 17 of Page 1.

The document SHALL NOT be embellished with any cover or binding. If the offeror makes any qualifications to any provisions in the RFP, all such qualifications shall be listed in a cover letter to the proposal. Qualifications may also be annotated on the Solicitation, Offer and Award document, if such annotation is necessary to clarify the qualifications.

(2) TECHNICAL PROPOSAL

The technical proposal should be written so that management and engineering oriented personnel can make a thorough evaluation and arrive at a sound determination as to whether the proposal meets the requirements of this solicitation. To this end, the technical proposal shall be so specific, detailed and complete as to clearly and fully demonstrate that the prospective contractor has a thorough understanding of the technical requirements contained in Section C of this solicitation. The technical proposal shall not exceed 100 pages in length excluding resumes and sample products.

Statements such as "the offeror understands," "will comply with the statement of work," "standard procedures will be employed," "well known techniques will be used" and general paraphrasing of the statement of work are considered inadequate. The technical proposal must provide details concerning what the contractor will do and how it will be done. This includes a full explanation of the techniques, disciplines, and procedures proposed to be followed.

The technical proposal shall not contain any reference to cost; however, information concerning labor allocation and categories, consultants, travel, materials, equipment and any information of interest to technical reviewers shall be contained in the technical proposal in sufficient detail so that the offeror's understanding of the scope of the work

may be adequately evaluated. The technical proposal shall be page numbered, contain a table of contents, be organized in the following seven sections, and shall address in detail the following information:

SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION

This section shall provide any necessary background information and an overview of the proposal which the offeror believes will assist in the understanding and accurate evaluation of the proposal.

SECTION 2 - TECHNICAL

The offeror shall submit a technical approach in sufficient detail which demonstrates an understanding of the statement of work to support the needs, programs and objectives defined in the SOW. The technical approach should include demonstration of a technical achievement of program goals in a timely manner. Unique methods for technically resolving problems identified under the SOW are encouraged; however, they must be balanced against accomplishing contract objectives with minimal risk to technical achievement, schedule impairment and cost. The offeror should also address the following: an adequate comprehension of issues and satisfying the goals of the overall effort and for each SOW task, including offeror's experience, ability and approach in each of the task areas shown in the SOW in regard to method, scheduling, work arounds and problems to be used in each of the task areas shown in the SOW. Identification of general abilities to pursue the efforts described in each SOW task and anything else the offeror considers important in performing the SOW should be addressed.

SECTION 3 - PERSONNEL RESOURCES

Within the personnel resources section, the offeror shall provide the required number of resumes for each labor category. The relative importance of each labor category is indicated by the total points assigned to it as shown in Section M. Where multiple resumes are indicated for a single labor category, the resumes within that category are of equal importance. The offeror should provide sufficient information within the resumes to detail the personnel education, experience and required security clearance expressed in the paragraph entitled Personnel Qualification contained in Section C as well as any information relative to performance of the Statement of Work. The offeror shall submit resumes for the key personnel listed below. A maximum of two pages is allowed for each resume.

<u>Labor Category</u>	<u>Required Resumes</u>
Program Manager	1
Senior Project Engineer	2
Senior Electrical Engineer	3
Senior Mechanical Engineer	3
Senior Engineering Technician	12
Systems Analyst	3
Computer Scientist	2

If the offeror proposes more than the number of personnel required in an individual labor category, the offeror shall identify the percentage of effort each person will be committed to in performance of that position under the contract and a resume shall be provided for each person proposed. Shared positions will be evaluated as a composite of the individual resumes offered for that position. If the offeror fails to provide the percentage of effort of each individual, it will be assumed the personnel are being offered on a 100% basis as alternate proposals and the highest rated individual will be used in the Technical Evaluation and the other individual will be excluded from the evaluation and performance in any resulting contract. Each offeror will also be required to submit a conformance schedule identifying which contractor labor category conforms to solicitation labor category.

Resumes for all key personnel must indicate whether they are currently employed by the offeror. Resumes of any key personnel not currently employed by the offeror must contain a statement signed by the individual that use of their resume for this solicitation is authorized. Additionally, the offeror is required to propose key personnel who the offeror reasonably expects, as of the date of the proposal, will be available for contract performance. Resumes

for both contingent hires and current employees must be dated and signed by the individual no earlier than the closing date of the RFP but not more than 120 days prior to the closing date of the RFP. Any resume dated (1) prior to the issue date of the RFP, or (2) more than 120 days prior to the closing date of the RFP, will be considered unacceptable. Offerors are reminded, however, that the age of the resume is not solely determinative of the availability of personnel.

In this section, the offeror shall identify proposed individual(s) for each labor position and indicate the tasks for which the person is proposed. The work history of each key person should contain experience directly related to the tasks and functions he/she is intended to perform under the proposed contract.

Offerors shall indicate limitations on the availability of any proposed personnel, if any.

A summary table, in matrix format, shall also be provided to indicate personnel qualifications and experience.

NOTE: If subcontractors are to be used, resumes of the key personnel shall be included in this section, with the present company affiliation clearly identified. All of the requirements of this section shall apply to the use of subcontractor personnel, as well as the prime contractor's personnel.

SECTION 4 - MANAGEMENT PLAN APPROACH

The offeror shall develop a management plan that demonstrates an understanding of the requirements of the SOW. Within the management plan factor the offeror should address the following as well as any other information the offeror considers relevant to the statement of work:

The Offeror's understanding of the management objectives for the requirement, its corporate structure and the functional relationships and responsibilities among the organizational elements that will participate in accomplishing the defined tasks.

Internal management communication lines and the offeror's method of maintaining close liaison with the contracting officer's representative (COR), including reporting techniques proposed for use under the contract.

Reporting systems available for monitoring qualitative and quantitative aspects of contract performance, including financial monitoring and reporting.

The use of the senior technical representative (STR) designated to manage tasks. The STR's authority and ability to independently commit company resources to performance under the contract and STR's line of communication to senior company management may be considered. The STR includes the labor categories of Program manager, Senior Project Engineer, Senior Electrical Engineer and Senior Mechanical Engineer.

The offeror's start-up plan to fully perform within 30 days after contract award.

The use of proposed subcontractors and extent of involvement in performance under the contract, including the subcontract management plan detailing how the subcontractor will be integrated into the overall management approach to ensure that contractor objectives are met.

The ability of any personnel augmentation plan to demonstrate the offeror's ability to respond to work load fluctuations in a timely manner.

A quality program plan demonstrating the company's quality control and inspection systems plan that will be applied to this contract.

Typical work flow scenario.

A quality program plan demonstrating the company's commitment to Small, Small Disadvantaged and Women-Owned Business and Historically Black Colleges or Universities and Minority Institution Subcontracting for the resultant contract.

SECTION 5 – CORPORATE EXPERIENCE

Offerors shall describe similar or directly related work experience within the past five years of similar scope, magnitude or complexity related to providing engineering, technical, and logistic support services. Within the corporate experience factor, offeror should address the following as well as any other information the offeror considers relevant to the statement of work:

The firm's history, organization, qualifications and work experience as they relate to the statement of work including engineering and technical personnel, and facilities required to develop and integrate technological improvements focused on the logistic support of the maintenance process for the US Navy. Work performed on similar or related projects specifying the level of effort in manhours by labor category, including documentation with reference to names, addresses, contract number and telephone numbers;

Description of projects similar in magnitude and complexity to the work anticipated under this statement of work that the offeror has performed or is performing for the Systems Integration and Program Development Group using a top down structured approach.

Experience gained with emphasis on programs/skills related to implementation and execution of condition assessment monitoring, and system integration programs, as well as experience with major systems, describing the types of systems involved as well as applicable military standards and specifications; whether recommendations or testing developed were subsequently implemented by the client and whether they are now in operational status; the total management/organization of the firm by major skill category; Quality of corporate past experience will be considered in the rating.

The offeror shall address technical documentation development, expert systems diagnostics development, data acquisition and machinery condition assessment, and sample products. Any sample products provided will not count against the 100 page limit for the technical proposal.

SECTION 6 - FACILITIES

The offeror shall address the facilities, facility location and physical/personnel security to be utilized in the resultant contract.

SECTION 7 - PAST PERFORMANCE

The offeror shall demonstrate past performance as it relates to the Scope of Work tasking areas provided in the Statement of Work. The government will use this information to evaluate both past performance in fulfilling contracts.

The Navy intends to review the Contractor Performance Assessment Reporting System (CPARS) ratings of an offeror's performance of relevant contracts. In the event the Navy cannot obtain adequate CPARS rating information regarding a particular offeror, the Navy may review other relevant past performance information from sources other than those identified by the Offeror. General trends in a contractor's performance will also be considered. Additionally, when subcontractors perform significant parts of the effort, their past performance may also be evaluated.

Each offeror has the opportunity to provide in its proposal any information regarding its past performance of contracts similar to the Navy's requirement that it would like the Navy to consider. Such information may be in the nature of additional information to that which the Navy has readily available, or which has already been rated under the CPARS system, or which the offeror considers essential to the Navy's evaluation or explanatory information of substandard or poor performance and the corrective actions taken to prevent a recurrence. The Navy reserves the right to verify statements and representations made in an offeror's proposal.

To assist the Navy in performing the past performance evaluation defined above, offerors should list all relevant work performed for the Government that equals or exceeds \$1,000,000 (for service and information technology contracts), \$5,000,000 (for operation support). The offeror shall provide a synopsis of previous contracts which involved similar or related work performed (or currently performing) in the last three (3) years. The offeror may identify Federal, State and Local government and private contracts that are similar to the statement of work for ongoing contracts or contracts completed in the past three years. Offerors that represent newly formed entities, without prior contract experience, should list previous contract and subcontract experience, as required above, for all key personnel identified the proposal.

For each contract, the contractor shall provide a narrative discussion of the work performed and a list that provides the following information:

1. Contract Number
2. Customer/Agency
3. Contracting Officer and Technical Point of Contact (names and phone numbers)
4. Contract Type
5. Award Price
6. Total Man-Hours of Effort
7. Period of Performance
8. Contract Deliverables
9. Contract Summary -- The contract summary shall provide a descriptive overview of the contract, not exceeding one page in length, including a discussion of actual performance under each contract listed, conformance to the Statement of Work, problems encountered and how they were resolved, timeliness of performance, containing and forecasting costs, customer satisfaction, business relationships, management of key personnel, and any other areas deemed necessary to provide insight into actual performance issues. Offerors shall also discuss their past performance in complying with requirements at FAR 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan.

Incomplete data may not be considered.

In addition to the CPARS, the Government also intends to use the attached Past Performance Questionnaire to collect additional past performance information from (1) those Government and/or commercial contract references provided by the offeror; and (2) any other relevant references deemed useful by the Government. The Government may also use other past performance data sources to collect relevant past performance data. The offerors are responsible to notify the points-of-contact provided as commercial contract references and give them permission to provide past performance-in-formation to the Government.

If the offeror has no relevant past performance, they shall affirmatively state in their proposal that they possess no relevant past performance.

Past performance information pertaining to a subcontractor cannot be disclosed to the prime contractor without the subcontractor's consent. Therefore, if the use of a subcontractor is proposed, submit the subcontractor's written consent to allow the Government to discuss the subcontractor's past performance assessment with the prime offeror. Offerors should note that the Government considers the prime's past performance as more relevant, for the purposes of evaluation, than subcontractor past performance.

The Government will not restrict its past performance evaluation to information submitted by offerors but will also consider any other relevant information in its possession. The Government reserves the right to contact the points-of-contact identified in the offeror's proposal for the purpose of verifying the offeror's record of past performance. However, the burden of providing thorough and complete past performance source data remains with the offeror.

(3) COST PROPOSAL

To assist the Government in determining cost reasonableness/realism for this effort, the offeror shall provide sufficient detailed cost information with the proposal to make this determination. In preparing the cost proposal, it is

essential that the offeror breakout and identify separately for each year of the contract, the following types of cost elements listed below. The following is only an example of the various types of cost elements which may be applicable but not necessarily limited to:

Direct Labor Costs:

(1) Information including the name, title, and actual hourly rate shall be provided by the Offeror for each individual proposed for the labor categories identified in Section C. If the Offeror proposes direct labor rates based on a composite rate structure, then the Offeror shall clearly identify the individuals comprising the composite, their respective actual hourly rates, and method used to derive the composite rate.

(2) If an Offeror's proposed labor category differs in name from those listed in Section C, a chart shall be included which identifies how these categories correspond to the ones listed in the solicitation.

(3) The Offeror shall identify any escalation rates utilized in the preparation of their cost proposal, and shall provide historical information pertaining to the actual escalation rate experienced over the past three (3) year period.

(4) Offerors are reminded that the staff proposed in the technical proposal must be the same staff proposed in the cost proposal.

(5) The Offeror shall provide a copy of the Employment Contract for any individual proposed who is not currently employed by the Offeror or subcontractor (if proposed).

Subcontracting Costs: The proposal shall include subcontract cost data in the same level of detail as provided for the offeror. Any subcontracting costs shall be supported. It is the Offeror's responsibility to ensure that this support documentation is received by the Government within the timeframe (i.e. closing date) established for this instant solicitation.

Consultants: If applicable, provide a detailed listing of consultants expected to be used, rationale for selection and associated costs which are proposed for reimbursement. Include those items of costs associated with consultants (i.e. hours proposed, and hourly rate). A copy of the Consultant Agreement shall also be provided by the Offeror.

Indirect Rates: Offerors shall list the cost elements that comprise the overhead, general and administrative expenses, and the other indirect pools. All indirect rates shall be summarized. Offerors shall list proposed indirect rates, DCAA recommended rates, and historical actuals (audited and unaudited) for the past three years. If proposed rates reflect negotiated forward pricing rates, a copy of the current forward pricing rate agreement shall be provided. If the rates are not negotiated forward pricing rates, then the basis for the proposed rates shall be explained.

Facilities Capital Cost of Money: If this cost element is proposed, the offeror shall provide information pertaining to the derivation of the FCCOM costs (i.e. FCCOM factors and application bases).

Fee: Identify the fee rate and total amount proposed and identify the various cost elements for which the fee is being applied.

Support Costs: These costs reflect all other direct costs which are not labor costs. For proposal purposes, the not-to-exceed (NTE) amounts for the support costs (material, travel and computer usage) have been identified in Section B. Along with these costs, the Offeror may include a cost element associated with a G&A/handling rate associated with these costs. If a G&A/handling rate is proposed for these support costs, the Offeror shall identify these costs and their applicable rate as provided in Section B. Lastly, It should be noted that all support costs are non-fee bearing costs.

SECTION M Evaluation Factors for Award

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

AGENCY SPECIFIC PROVISION - EVALUATION OF PROPOSALS (AUG 1999) ALTERNATE I (AUG 1999) (NSWCCD)

(a) **General.** Careful, full and impartial consideration will be given to all offers received pursuant to this solicitation, and the evaluation will be applied in a similar manner. Factors against which offers will be evaluated (e.g., Technical Capability and Cost) are set forth below and parallel the solicitation response called for elsewhere herein.

(b) **Initial Evaluation of Offers.** An evaluation plan has been established to evaluate offers pursuant to the factors set forth in (g) below and all offers received will be evaluated by a team of Government personnel in accordance with the plan. All evaluation factors other than cost or price, when combined, are significantly more important than cost or price.

(c) **Evaluation Approach.** The following evaluation approach will be used:

(1) *Technical Proposal.* The evaluators will prepare a narrative description and assign a point score for each technical evaluation factor. All evaluation factors other than cost or price will be combined into a merit rating of either highly acceptable, acceptable or unacceptable.

(2) *Cost or Price Proposal.*

(i) Although cost or price is not scored, numerically weighted, or combined with the other evaluation factors to establish a merit rating, it will be evaluated for magnitude and realism. The determination of the magnitude of the cost proposal will be based on the total of all proposed costs. Cost realism is a determination of the probable cost of performance for each offeror. In those evaluations where all other evaluation factors, when combined, are significantly more important than cost or price, the degree of importance of the cost or price factor will increase with the degree of equality of the proposals in relation to the other factors on which selection is to be based.

(ii) Proposals which are unrealistic in terms of technical or schedule commitments or unrealistically high or low in cost may be deemed reflective of an inherent lack of technical competence, or indicative of a failure to comprehend the complexity and risks of the proposed work, and may be grounds for rejection of the proposal. If the proposed contract requires the delivery of data, the quality of organization and writing reflected in the proposal will be considered to be an indication of the quality of organization and writing which would be prevalent in the proposed deliverable data. Subjective judgment on the part of the Government evaluators is implicit in the entire process. Throughout the evaluation, the Government will consider "correction potential" when a deficiency is identified.

(iii) In evaluating cost type offers, realism of the offeror's estimated cost will be considered. "Realism of Estimated Cost" is determined by reference to the costs which the offeror can reasonably be expected to incur in performance of the contract in accordance with the offer. Unrealistic personnel compensation rates (including issues regarding the applicability of uncompensated overtime) will be considered in the cost realism analysis and may be considered in the technical analysis which could reduce the technical score. The purpose of the evaluation is to: (1) verify the offeror's understanding of the requirements; (2) assess the degree to which the cost proposal reflects the approaches and/or risk that the offeror will provide the supplies or services at the proposed costs; and (3) assess the degree to which the cost included in the cost proposal accurately represents the effort described in the technical proposal. The proposed costs may be adjusted for purposes of evaluation based on the results of the cost realism evaluation. Unrealistic rates will be considered in the risk assessment and may result in a reduced technical score.

(3) Evaluation of Indirect Rates Applicable to Support Costs:

(i) The determination of the magnitude of the cost proposal will be based upon adding all proposed costs for CLIN 0001 plus support and subcontract costs under CLIN 0003. It is intended to reimburse support and subcontract costs on the basis of actual reasonable and allowable costs incurred plus G&A only (no fee). Therefore, for evaluation purposes, the Government will add the offeror's proposed G&A rate to the not-to-exceed (NTE) amounts specified for support and subcontract costs.

(ii) If the offeror's DCAA approved accounting system includes the application on any other indirect cost rates (in addition to G&A) to the support and subcontract cost items, those rates shall be identified in the proposal and will also be added to the respective NTE amount specified for purposes of evaluation. An example would be when the offeror's approved accounting system includes application of a material handling fee to direct material costs and then application of a G&A rate to the subtotal of direct materials plus the material handling fee.

(iii) If an offeror fails to identify, as part of its proposal, an indirect cost rate what would otherwise be applicable to one of the support and subcontract cost items, it shall not be allowed to invoice for the indirect rate after award since the evaluation of its offer did not include that rate.

(iv) Notwithstanding the fact that the Government will add proposed indirect cost rates to the support and subcontract cost NTE amounts specified, it will do so for evaluation purposes only and will not actually change the NTE amount at time of award. Rather, the contract will indicate that the NTE amounts are inclusive of G&A and whatever other indirect rates the offeror has identified in its proposal, and which were considered in evaluation of that offer.

(v) If proposed indirect rates on support and subcontract costs are not consistent with DCAA information for that offeror, the proposed rates may be adjusted for realism when applied for evaluation purposes.

(d) Competitive Acquisition Instructions.

(1) If the provision FAR 52.215-1, "Instructions To Offerors--Competitive Acquisition" is included in Section L of this solicitation, the Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract without discussions with offerors (except clarifications as described in FAR 15.306(a)). Therefore, the offeror's initial proposal should contain the offeror's best terms from a cost or price and technical standpoint. However, the Government reserves the right to conduct discussions if the Contracting Officer later determines them to be necessary.

(2) If the provision at FAR 52.215-1 is used with its Alternate I, the Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract after conducting with offerors whose proposals have been determined to be in the competitive range.

(3) In either of the above two situations, if the Contracting Officer determines that the number of proposals that would otherwise be in the competitive range exceeds the number at which an efficient competition can be conducted, the Contracting Officer may limit the number of proposals in the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient competition among the most highly rated proposals.

(e) **Discussion/Final Proposal Revisions.** The Contracting Officer shall indicate to, or discuss with, each offeror still being considered for award, significant weaknesses, deficiencies, and other aspects of its proposal (such as cost, price, technical approach, past performance, and terms and conditions) that could, in the opinion of the Contracting Officer, be altered or explained to enhance materially the proposal's potential for award. The scope and extent of discussions are a matter of Contracting Officer judgment. At the conclusion of discussions, each offeror still in the competitive range shall be given an opportunity to submit a final proposal revision. A final cut-off date for receipt of final proposal revisions will be established by the Contracting Officer.

(f) **Basis for Contract Award.** The basis for award of a contract(s) as a result of this solicitation will be an integrated assessment by the Contracting Officer of the results of the evaluation based on the evaluation factors and their importance as indicated below. The integrated assessment may include consideration of the strengths and

weaknesses of the proposals, and, if deemed necessary by the Contracting Officer, consideration of various types of mathematical models comparing technical points and cost. Ultimately, the source selection decision will take into account the offeror's capability to meet the requirements of this solicitation on a timely and cost effective basis. The Government reserves such right of flexibility in conducting the evaluation as is necessary to assure placement of a contract in the Government's best interest. Accordingly, the Government may award any resulting contract to other than the lowest priced offeror, or other than the offeror with the highest evaluation rating.

(1) The contract resulting from this solicitation will be awarded to that responsible offeror whose offer, conforming to the solicitation, is determined most advantageous to the Government, cost and other factors considered.

(2) All evaluation factors other than cost or price, when combined, are significantly more important than cost or price.

(g) **Evaluation Factors.** The evaluation factors and significant subfactors are listed below.

I. Technical

1. Technical Approach/

- a. Demonstration of Technical Capability/
- b. Resolving Technical Problems/
- c. Comprehension of Technical Issues with Satisfactory Results/
- d. Method of Approach/

2. Personnel Resources/

- a. Program Manager (1 resume)
- b. Senior Project Engineer (2 resumes)
- c. Computer Scientist (2 resumes)
- d. Senior Electrical Engineer (3 resumes)
- e. Senior Mechanical Engineer (3 resumes)
- f. Systems Analyst (3 resumes)
- g. Senior Engineering Technician (12 resumes)

3. Management Plan/Approach

- a. Management Approach/Organization
- b. Subcontractor Management & Integration
- c. Corporate Structure
- d. Using Senior Technical Reps to Manage Tasks
- e. Small Business Subcontracting Plan

4. Corporate Experience

- a. Technical Documentation Development
- b. Expert Systems Diagnostics Experience
- c. Data Acquisition and Machinery Condition Assessment
- d. Sample Products

5. Facilities

- a. Adequacy of facilities
- b. Facility Location
- c. Physical/Personnel Security

6. Past Performance

- a. Customer Satisfaction
- b. Quality of Product
- c. Conformance to the Statement of Work
- d. Containing and forecasting costs
- e. Timeliness of Performance
- f. Complying with requirements at FAR 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan

II. Cost/Price

Personnel Resources are somewhat more important than Technical Approach, Corporate Experience and Past Performance, which are equal in value. Technical Approach, Corporate Experience and Past Performance are each roughly twice as important as Management Plan/Approach. Management Plan/Approach is roughly twice as important as Facilities.

The subfactors under Technical Approach are in descending order of importance. For the factor of Personnel Resources, the importance of each resume per labor category is listed in descending order of importance, with resumes for Senior Project Engineer and Computer Scientist of equal importance and resumes for Senior Electrical Engineer and Senior Mechanical Engineer of equal importance. The subfactors under Management Plan/Approach are roughly equal in value. For subfactors under Corporate Experience, the subfactor of Data Acquisition and Machinery Condition Assessment is twice as important as each of the other subfactors, which are equal in value. For the subfactors under Facilities, the subfactor of Facility Location is roughly three times as important as either of the other two subfactors, which are roughly equal in importance. The subfactors of Past Performance are in descending order of importance with factors c and d of roughly equal importance and factors e and f of roughly equal importance.